

**2022 Long Island
Apartment Building
Agreement**

BETWEEN

**Realty Advisory Board
On Labor Relations
Incorporated**

AND

**Service Employees
International Union, Local 32BJ**

**Effective June 21, 2022
To June 20, 2026**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Subject	Page
Adoption of Agreement	1
Arbitration.....	7-9
Background Checks	50
Better Conditions.....	5-6
Bulletin Board	36
Building Safety	51
Call In Pay	26
Check-off	1-2
Classification of Buildings	22-23
Commercial Occupancy.....	23
Common Disaster	49
Condemnation.....	22
Contracting of Work.....	4-5
Cost of Living.....	25
Day of Rest	35
Days Off.....	6, 25, 26, 27, 31, 34
Death.....	47, 49
Definition, Job	47
Disability Benefits Law	20-21
Discharge	1, 2, 5-7, 27-29, 38, 46-47
Discrimination	41-46
Educational and Training Fund	18-19
Election Day	31
Employees' Rooms.....	46
Employment Agency Fee	39-40
Experienced Employee	38-39
Eyeglasses.....	36
Family and Medical Leave Act.....	32-33
Fines.....	41
Fire and Flood Call	36
Firepersons.....	34
First Aid Kit.....	36
Garnishments	47
Governmental Decrees.....	49
Grievance Procedure.....	6-7
Handyperson	47
Health Fund	16-17
HERO Act.....	51
Hiring.....	39
Holidays.....	5, 11, 21, 25, 30-31, 34
Hours.....	5-6, 25-26
Identification.....	48
Inspection of Payroll Records.....	2-3

Subject	Page
Job Vacancies	39-40
Jury Duty	48
Layoff	10-11, 13, 37, 39-40
Leave of Absence	32-33
Legal Services Fund	18
Licenses	41
Lie Detector Tests	49
Life Insurance	5
Locker	36
Lockout	11-12
Luncheon Period	6, 26
Management Rights	6
Meal Money	26
Military Service	41
Moving Expenses	28
Multi-Employer Association	1, 13-15
Newly Constructed Buildings	14
New Hire Rate	35, 37-38
Notice of Termination	54
Overtime	7, 25, 26, 30, 31, 47
Part-time Employee	16, 27, 31, 34, 41, 47
Pension Fund	17-18
Permits	41
Personal Days	31
Picketing	11-12
Preamble	1
Pregnancy Leave	32-33
Premium Pay	11, 30-31
Professional Occupancy	23
Promotion	36-39
Pyramiding	21, 30-31
Recall	39-40
Reducing Force	9-11
Relief-Employees	31
Rent Collection	49
Replacements	36-39
Rest Room	36
Safety Fund	18
Sale	13, 41
Sanitary Arrangements	36
Schedules	6, 31
Seniority	36-39
Service Center Visit	48
Severance Pay	14, 40-41
Sickness Benefits	21-22

Subject	Page
Signatory Building.....	13-15
Statute of Limitations	7
Strikes	11-12
Sub-Contracting.....	4-5
Superintendent.....	26-29
Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund.....	18-19
Term of Agreement.....	54
Termination Pay.....	see "Severance Pay"
Tools	41
Training Fund	18
Training Program Required.....	47
Trial Period	36-37
Unemployment Insurance Law.....	20-21
Uniforms	35
Union Insignia	36
Union Recognition.....	1-4
Union Security.....	1-3
Union Visitation.....	47
Utilities	46
Vacations	33-35
Vacation Replacement Rate.....	35
Voting Time.....	31
Wages	23-27, 55
Wage Differentials.....	29-30
Wage Rates	15, 23-27, 55
Workers Compensation	20-21
Working Conditions.....	5-6
Workweek.....	25, 26
Work Clothes	35

AGREEMENT made as of the 21st day of June, 2022, by and between the REALTY ADVISORY BOARD ON LABOR RELATIONS, INCORPORATED, herein called the "RAB," acting on behalf of various owners of apartment buildings and other employers who become signatory to this Agreement, herein severally referred to as "Employer," and the SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL UNION, LOCAL 32BJ, herein referred to as the "Union," acting on behalf of its members and other building service employees to whom this Agreement applies and for whom it is the collective bargaining agency.

ARTICLE I

Union Recognition and Union Security

1. The Union is recognized as the exclusive collective bargaining representative of all classifications of service employees at each apartment building in Nassau and Suffolk counties in New York, which is committed to this Agreement.

Work performed pursuant to the terms of this collective bargaining agreement shall not be performed by persons not covered by the bargaining agreement except as provided in Article II.

2. This Agreement shall apply to all classifications of service employees employed by the Employer. Article II of this Agreement shall also apply to employees of cleaning and maintenance contractors who employ employees in any building committed to this Agreement working in any job category covered by this Agreement.

3. There shall be a Union Shop throughout the term of this Agreement in every building where there was a Union Shop under the 2014 Independent Long Island Apartment House Agreement and in other buildings whenever it is agreed or determined that a majority of the employees in such buildings are members of or have applied for membership in the Union.

The "Union Shop" requires membership in the Union by every employee in the building as a condition of employment after the thirtieth (30th) day following employment or the execution date of this Agreement, whichever is later, or in the case of newly organized buildings, after the thirtieth (30th) day following agreement or determination that a majority of the employees in such buildings are members of or have applied for membership in the Union, and requires that the Union shall not ask or require the Employer to discharge or otherwise discriminate against any employee except in compliance with law.

In the event the Union security provision of this Agreement is held to be invalid, unenforceable or of no legal effect generally or with respect to any building because of interpretation or a change of federal or state statute, city ordinance or rule or decision of any government administrative body, agency or subdivision, the permissible Union security clause under such statute, decision or regulation shall be enforceable as a substitute for the Union security clause provided for herein.

4. Whenever the Union files with the RAB and the Employer a claim that a majority of the employees in a building are members of or have made application for membership in the Union, the Union Shop requirement shall be made effective within fifteen (15) days thereafter,

unless the Employer or the RAB within ten (10) days notifies the Union that it requires a determination of that claim.

5. Upon receipt by the Employer of a letter from the Union's Secretary-Treasurer requesting any employee's discharge because he has not met the requirements of this Article, unless the Employer questions the propriety of so doing, he shall be discharged within fifteen (15) days of said notice if prior thereto he does not take proper steps to meet said requirements. If the Employer questions the propriety of the discharge, he shall immediately submit the matter to grievance, and if not thus settled, to the Arbitrator for final determination. If it is finally settled or determined that the employee has not met the said requirements, he shall be discharged within ten (10) days after written notice of the final determination has been given to the RAB and the Employer.

The Employer shall be responsible for unpaid dues after receipt of notice provided for in this section and exhaustion of contractual remedies. The Employer's obligation shall begin fifteen (15) days after such notice or, if the Employer questions the discharge, after the final determination of the arbitrator.

6. The Union will hold the Employer harmless from any liability arising from a discharge asked for by the Union pursuant to this Article provided the Employer has done nothing to cause or increase its own liability concerning removal of employees.

7. No building service employee may be employed in any building, except within a tenant's apartment, save by the Employer, without the consent of the Union.

8. During any period in which it is not established that a majority of the employees in a building are members of, or have made application for membership in the Union, it is agreed that all employees who, upon the date this Agreement is signed for their building, are members of the Union in good standing in accordance with the Constitution and By-Laws of the Union, and all employees who thereafter become members shall, as a condition of employment, remain Union members in good standing during the life of the Agreement.

9. Upon execution of this Agreement, the Employer shall furnish the Union and the RAB with a complete list of the names, social security numbers and home addresses and job location of all employees covered by this Agreement and shall notify the Union and the RAB of the names and social security numbers and home addresses and job location of each new employee thereafter employed.

The Employer shall notify the Union and the RAB in writing, as soon as a cancellation of an account becomes effective where Union members are employed and the Employer shall notify the Union when he acquires a new building service job.

10. The Union shall have the right to inspect the Employer's Social Security reports and all payroll records (except the salary of the nonunion Supervisors) in order to determine if this Agreement is being complied with. The Union shall have the right to expedited arbitration in the event an Employer fails to comply with this right of inspection. Inspections may also be made by

the Union or the Arbitrator at the request of the RAB. The RAB may join the Union at all times, when such examination is made. All Benefit Trust Funds established under this Agreement shall have the same right to inspect as the Union but shall also have the right to inspect Supervisor's payroll records where Supervisors are covered by such Funds.

11. Each Employer agrees to deduct the Union's monthly dues, initiation fees, and all legal assessments from the pay of each employee from whom it receives written authorization and will continue to make such deductions while the authorization remains in effect.

The Employer hereby agrees to deduct voluntary political contribution deductions based upon authorizations signed by the employees in accordance with applicable law.

The term "authorization" as provided in this Agreement includes authorizations created and maintained by use of electronic records and electronic signatures consistent with state and federal law. The Union, therefore, may use electronic records to verify Union membership, authorization for voluntary deduction of Union dues and fees, as well as voluntary contributions to the Union's American Dream Fund, from wages or payments for remittance to the Union, and authorization for voluntary deductions from wages or payments for remittance to the American Dream Fund. The Employer shall accept such electronic records as valid written authorizations for deduction and remittance.

Employers who are currently accepting such electronic records as valid authorizations or revocations for deduction and remittance shall continue to do so. The parties recognize that Employers who are not currently accepting electronic records as valid authorizations or revocations may need time and/or training to be able to do so. The Union shall provide any necessary training opportunity to the Employer to facilitate acceptance of electronic records as valid authorizations or revocations for deduction and remittance. Those Employers who are not currently accepting electronic records as valid authorizations or revocations shall commence acceptance no later than nine (9) months from the date an Employer becomes signatory to this Agreement (the "Transition Period"), provided that any reasonably requested training has been provided by the Union. It is understood that the transition to electronic records and electronic signatures may cause some delays. During the Transition Period, Employers who deduct appropriately, but whose transmissions are delayed, shall not be subject to interest or penalties owing to such delays.

Such deductions will be made from the pay for the first full pay period worked by each employee following the receipt of the authorization, and thereafter will be made the first pay day each month, and forwarded to the Union not later than the twentieth (20th) day in each and every current month. Such deductions shall constitute trust funds while in the possession of the Employer.

If the Employer fails to remit to the Union the dues or other monies deducted in accordance with this section by the twentieth day, the Employer shall pay interest on such dues or other monies at the rate of one percent per month beginning on the twenty-first (21st) day, unless the Employer can demonstrate the delay was for good cause due to circumstances beyond its control. The interest shall not be assessed for an Employer's initial failure to deduct voluntary political contributions until thirty (30) days after the Employer has received written notice from the Union of its failure to deduct.

If a signatory does not revoke the authorization at the end of a year following the date of authorization, or at the end of the current contract, whichever is earlier, it shall be deemed a renewal of authorization, irrevocable for another year, or until the expiration of the next succeeding contract, whichever is earlier.

The Union agrees to indemnify and save such Employer and the RAB harmless from any liability incurred by reason of such deductions.

The Employer shall provide employee information in connection with the transmission of dues, initiation fees, all legal assessments and other deductions required to be transmitted to the Union (collectively, "Deductions"). Deductions from employees' paychecks shall be transmitted to the Union electronically via ACH utilizing the 32BJ self-service portal, unless the Union directs, in writing, that Deductions be remitted by means other than electronic transmittals. The Union shall specify reasonable information to be recorded and/or transmitted by the Employer, as necessary and consistent with this Agreement.

Employers who are currently transmitting Deductions by ACH shall continue to do so. The parties recognize that Employers who are not currently transmitting Deductions by ACH may need time and/or training to be able to do so. The Union shall provide any necessary training opportunity to the Employer to facilitate electronic transmissions. Those Employers who are not currently transmitting Deductions by ACH shall commence transmission by ACH no later than nine (9) months from the date an Employer becomes signatory to this Agreement (the "Transition Period"), provided that any reasonably requested training has been provided by the Union. It is understood that the transition to ACH payment may cause some delays in effecting transmission. During the Transition Period, Employers who deduct appropriately, but whose transmissions are delayed, shall not be subject to interest or penalties owing to such delays.

12. Nothing in this Article shall be construed as an admission that the Employer or their employees in any particular building are engaged in interstate commerce, in an activity affecting interstate commerce, in the production of goods for interstate commerce, or that any particular building is covered by the provisions of the Labor-Management Relations Act, as amended.

ARTICLE II

Coverage of Agreement

Sub-Contracting

1. The Employer shall not make any agreement or arrangement for the performance of work and/or for the categories of work heretofore performed by employees covered by this Agreement except within provisions and limitations set forth below.

2. The Employer shall give advance written notice to the RAB and the Union at least three (3) weeks prior to the effective date of it's contracting for such services, or changing contractors, indicating the name and address of the contractor.

3. The Employer shall require the contractor to retain all bargaining unit employees working at the location at the time the contract was awarded and to maintain the existing wage and benefit structure.

The Employer agrees that employees then engaged in the work which is contracted out shall become employees of the initial contractor or any successor contractor, and agrees to employ or re-employ the employees working for the contractor when the contract is terminated or cancelled. This provision shall not be construed to prevent termination of any employee's employment under other provisions of this Agreement relating to illness, retirement, resignation, discharge for cause, or layoff by reason of reduction of force; however, a contractor may not reduce force or change the work schedule without first obtaining written consent from the Union, which shall not be unreasonably withheld.

If the contractor fails to comply with any agreement with the Union covering the work which was contracted out, the Employer shall be liable severally and jointly with the contractor for any and all damages relating to unpaid Health, Pension, Training, Legal and Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund contributions. The Employer's liability shall commence the date it receives written notice from the Union or the RAB of the contractor's failure to so comply.

4. This Article is intended to apply to all employees employed in any building committed to this Agreement and to categories of employees to the extent that such categories of employees are "fairly claimable" by the Union, within existing National Labor Relations Board case law. In the event that the application of this Article, or any part thereof, is held to be in violation of law, then this Article, or any part thereof, shall remain applicable to the extent permitted by law.

ARTICLE III

Wages, Hours & Working Conditions

1. The wages, hours, terms and conditions of employment set forth in Article XV of this Agreement are hereby made part hereof.

2. Except as otherwise provided herein, the wages set forth in Article XV shall be effective as of June 21, 2022, and all its other terms and conditions shall become effective on the payroll date nearest to June 21, 2022. As to all buildings later adopting this Agreement, it shall take effect upon acceptance by the Union.

3. No provision of this Agreement shall be construed so as to lower any employee's wage. If employees in any building have in effect a practice of terms or conditions better than those provided for herein, applicable generally to them for wages, hours, sick pay, vacations, holidays, relief periods, jury duty, or group life insurance, such better terms or conditions shall be continued only for employees who have had such conditions. The Arbitrator may relieve the obligations in the preceding sentence if enforcement work an undue hardship, injustice or inequity upon the Employer.

A change of schedules or duties, so long as required relief and luncheon periods are reasonably spaced, shall not violate this Section, provided the employee, the Union and the RAB are given at least one (1) week's advance written notice and such change is reasonable. The notice for shift changes *i.e.*, change in work hours or days off, shall be three (3) weeks. However, where as of June 21, 2022, an employee (other than a Working Superintendent) regularly received consecutive days off, the practice shall continue, and if any such employee leaves their position for any reason whatsoever, their replacement shall also receive consecutive days off.

ARTICLE IV Management Rights

1. The Union recognizes management's rights to direct and control its policies subject to the obligations of this Agreement.

2. Employees will cooperate with management within the obligations of this Agreement to facilitate efficient building operation.

3. Any employee who is discharged shall be furnished a written statement of reason(s) for such discharge no later than five (5) working days after the date of discharge. In appropriate circumstances, the Employer may supplement and/or amend its written statement of the reason(s) for discharge within a reasonable time. Such amended statement shall be substituted for the initial statement without prejudice to the Employer including in an arbitration.

If any employee [other than a Working Superintendent covered in Article XVI] is unjustly discharged, he shall be reinstated without loss of seniority or rank and without salary reduction. The Joint Industry Grievance Committee or the Arbitrator may determine whether, and to what extent, the employee shall be compensated by the Employer for time lost.

4. In circumstances where the managing agent demands the removal of an employee from further employment in a building, but where there is not cause to terminate the employee, the Union will continue to work with signatory Employers to reach a mutually satisfactory resolution of the dispute, and to that end, will agree, in appropriate circumstances, to the transfer of the employee in question to another building, within the same county, without loss of pay or benefits.

ARTICLE V Grievance Procedure

There shall be a Joint Industry Grievance Committee and a grievance procedure;

1. To try to decide all issues not covered by, and not inconsistent with, any provision of this Agreement and which are not required to be arbitrated under its terms.

2. To try to decide without arbitration, any issue between the parties which, under this Agreement, they must submit to the Arbitrator.

3. The grievance may first be taken up between a representative of management and a representative of the Union. If it is not settled, it may be filed for arbitration.

4. All Union claims are brought by the Union alone and no individual shall have the right to compromise or settle any claim without the written permission of the Union.

5. The grievance shall be simultaneously submitted to the Joint Industry Grievance Committee when the grievance is filed.

6. The Committee shall be composed of representatives of the Union and the RAB, who may be present at any meeting. Except in extraordinary circumstances, the parties will participate in a Committee meeting before a grievance proceeds to arbitration, and the scheduling of a Committee meeting shall not delay arbitration. If the Committee meeting is not held before the arbitration date, the meeting will be cancelled.

It shall be the function of the Committee to seek and encourage the settlement of all disputes brought before it.

7. Any grievance, except as otherwise provided herein and except a grievance involving basic wage violations and Pension, Health, Training, Legal and Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund contributions shall be presented to the Employer and the RAB in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days of its occurrence, except for grievances involving suspension without pay or discharge which shall be presented within forty-five (45) days, unless the Employer agrees to an extension. The Arbitrator shall have the authority to extend the above time limitations for good cause shown.

8. Where a failure to compensate overtime work can be unequivocally demonstrated through employer payroll records, the Union may grieve the failure to compensate such overtime work for the three (3) year period prior to filing of the grievance.

ARTICLE VI

Arbitration

1. A Contract Arbitrator shall have the power to decide all differences arising between the parties to this Agreement as to interpretation, application or performance of any part of this Agreement, and such other issues as are expressly required to be arbitrated before the Arbitrator, including such issues as may be initiated by the Trustees of the Funds. Nothing in this Agreement shall preclude deferral where the National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB") provides for deferral.

2. A hearing shall be initially scheduled within two (2) to fifteen (15) working days after either the Union or the RAB has served written notice upon the Office of the Contract Arbitrator, with copy to the other party, of any issue to be submitted. The Arbitrator's oath-taking, and the period, and the requirements for service of notice in the form prescribed by statute are hereby waived. A written award shall be made by the Arbitrator within thirty (30) days after the hearing closes, except in arbitrations involving a superintendent where the Arbitrator shall have

ten (10) days to issue an award. If an award is not timely rendered, either the Union or the RAB may demand in writing of the Arbitrator that the award must be made within ten (10) more days. If no decision is rendered within that time, either the Union or the RAB may notify the Arbitrator of the termination as to all issues submitted in that proceeding. By mutual consent of the Union and the RAB the time of both the hearing and decision may be extended in a particular case. If a party, after due written notice, defaults in appearing before the Arbitrator, an award may be rendered upon the testimony of the other party.

Upon the joint request of all parties, the Arbitrator shall issue a "bench decision," with written award to follow within the required time period.

No more than one adjournment per party shall be granted by the Arbitrator without consent of the opposing party.

There shall be an expedited arbitration procedure where the contract so provides which shall require the Arbitrator to hear and determine the matter within four (4) weeks after the demand for arbitration is filed.

Due written notice means mailing, hand delivery, or facsimile and also by hand to the address of the Employer furnished to the Union by the RAB.

In the event that the Union appears at an arbitration without the grievant, the Arbitrator shall conduct the hearing, provided it is not adjourned. The Arbitrator shall decide the case based upon the evidence adduced at the hearing.

3. The procedure herein with respect to matters over which a Contract Arbitrator has jurisdiction shall be the sole and exclusive method for the determination of all such issues, and the Arbitrator shall have the power to award appropriate remedies, the award being final and binding upon the parties and the employee(s) or Employer(s) involved. Nothing herein shall be construed to forbid either party from resorting to court for relief from, or to enforce rights under, any award. In any proceeding to confirm an award of the Arbitrator, service may be made by registered or certified mail, within or without the State of New York, as the case may be.

4. Should either party fail to abide by an arbitration award within two (2) weeks after such award is sent by registered or certified mail to the parties, either party may, in its sole and absolute discretion, take any action necessary to secure such award including but not limited to suits at law. Should either party bring such suit it shall be entitled, if it succeeds, to receive from the other party all expenses for counsel fees and court costs.

5. Grievants attending grievances and arbitrations shall be paid for their regularly scheduled hours during such attendance.

6. If the Union requires an employee of the building to be a witness at the hearing and the Employer adjourns the hearing, the employee witness shall be paid by the Employer for their regularly scheduled hours during attendance at such hearing. This provision shall be limited to one employee witness.

7. The RAB shall be deemed a party to any proceeding under this article.

8. The parties have agreed to an Office of the Contract Arbitrator-Building Service Industry. The Union and the RAB have appointed the following Panel of Arbitrators:

Stuart Bauchner	Randi Lowitt
Melissa Biren	Earl Pfeffer
Dean Burrell	David Reilly
Howard C. Edelman	Haydee Rosario
Deborah Gaines	William Schechter
Gary Kendellen	Julie Torrey

All cases involving a Superintendent or Resident Manager shall be assigned to Arbitrators Gary Kendellen, David Reilly and Deborah Gaines.

Upon thirty (30) days written notice to each other, either the Union or the RAB may terminate the services of any Arbitrator on the panel. Successor or additional Arbitrators shall be appointed by mutual agreement of the Union and the RAB. In the event of the removal, death or resignation of all of the Arbitrators, the successors or temporary substitute shall be chosen by the Union and the RAB. If the parties are unable to agree on a successor, then the Chairman of the New York State Employment Relations Board shall appoint a successor after consultation with the parties.

The cost of the Office of the Contract Arbitrator shall be shared in a manner determined by the Union and the RAB.

ARTICLE VII

Reduction of Force

1. The parties renew their commitment to a Special Committee process regarding Reductions in Force to ensure that staffing issues and disputes are addressed in an expeditious manner consistent with this Agreement. To that end, the Special Committee established below ("Special Committee") shall meet, unless the parties agree otherwise, on at least a date certain each month, to be determined by the parties, with respect to issues that arise under this Article VII. To be processed pursuant to the standards set forth below, all Employers seeking a reduction in force must provide written notice containing the information set forth in Section 3 below to the RAB and the Union, for consideration under the Agreement and referral to the Special Committee.

For all reductions, the Employer shall have the right to reduce the work force where it can demonstrate to the Special Committee (consisting of the President of the Union or their designee and the President of the RAB or their designee), that a reduction is appropriate under the standards set forth in Section 2 below.

Four weeks after notice to the RAB and the Union as provided for in paragraph 3 below, the reduction request shall be referred to the Special Committee. Such Committee shall meet and

shall issue a decision in accordance with the standards set forth in Section 2 no later than eight weeks (8) weeks after the Employer has given notice to the RAB and the Union. If the Committee deadlocks or if the Committee fails to approve the requested reduction in accordance with the standards set forth in Section 2, within said eight (8) week period, the Employer may refer the matter to arbitration pursuant to the arbitration provisions of the contract. The matter shall be heard by the arbitrator within four (4) weeks after it is submitted to arbitration, and a decision shall be rendered within ten (10) days of the close of the hearing. No adjournments shall be granted without mutual consent.

Except in cases pursuant to Section (2)(viii) of this Article, the Employer may reduce the work force as proposed prior to the arbitrator's award no sooner than four (4) weeks after the initial notice to the Union and RAB pursuant to this Section and Section 3 below, subject, however, to the ultimate determination of the arbitrator.

2. The Employer shall have the right to reduce its workforce (a) due to economic hardship or (b) in the following circumstances, provided that in the case of either (a) or (b) it can establish that the changes listed below eliminate an amount of work similar to the proposed reduction in worker hours:
 - (i) A change in work specifications or work assignment which results in a reduction of work
 - (ii) Elimination of all or part of specified work
 - (iii) Vacancies in building
 - (iv) Reconstruction of all or part of building
 - (v) The tenant performing the work themselves
 - (vi) Introduction of technological advances
 - (vii) Change in the nature or type of occupancy
 - (viii) Idle work time or unusually slow pace.
3. If the Employer desires to reduce its work force, it is required, in addition to their accrued vacation credits and termination pay, if any, to give employees employed for one (1) year or more one (1) week's notice of layoff or discharge, or in lieu thereof, an additional week's pay.

The Employer shall include in such notification the following:

- (a) Reason for reduction in force, specifying whether the reduction is being made pursuant to one or more of the reasons set forth in Section 2 of this Article.
- (b) Notification should include the work to be eliminated corresponding work hours to be eliminated and the change in schedules and the duties of remaining employees resulting from the reduction in force.
- (c) If the reduction is due to technological advances, the notice shall describe the technological advance; how it will reduce the work, the number of work hours or reduced work and the change in schedules and the duties of remaining employees resulting from the reduction in force.

- (d) If the reduction in force is proposed to be implemented pursuant to Section 2(viii) of this Article, the notice shall so state. It shall include a detailed description of the work being performed by those allegedly working at an unusually slow pace or having idle time; a description of additional work that such employees should be performing within their normal working hours; the proposed reduction of force in work hours; change in schedules and duties of remaining employees resulting from the reduction in force. The notice shall include both present and proposed work specifications and schedules.
4. In the event that a reduction in the work force is effected and the reason for the reduction in the work force ceases to exist, then the Employer shall reinstate the work force that existed prior to the reduction in force.
5. If the Union grieves or arbitrates a dispute pursuant to this provision, the following shall apply:
- (a) The arbitration shall be expedited and in no event shall be scheduled and heard later than seven (7) calendar days after the Union's request for arbitration.
- (b) The Employer shall affirmatively demonstrate that it has eliminated an amount of work similar to the reduction in worker hours.
- (c) The arbitrator shall issue an award within ten (10) calendar days after the close of the hearings.
- (d) There shall be no adjournments granted without mutual consent.
6. In the event that the Employer implements a reduction in force without providing the notices required to the RAB and the Union for referral to the Special Committee and the Employer lays off employees, the Employer shall pay an amount equal to the laid off employees' wages and fringe benefits (including, but not limited to Pension, Health, Training, Legal and SRSF Fund Contributions, Holidays, Vacation, Sick Pay and Premium Pay) for the period beginning with the layoff until four (4) weeks after the Employer notifies the Union or the issuance of a final arbitration award, whichever is sooner, but in no event less than four (4) weeks even if the layoff is upheld by the arbitrator.

The fact that payment of employees' wages and fringe benefits are provided for herein shall in no way be construed as a limitation of the arbitrator's power and authority under other provisions of this Agreement.

Where an Employer has more than one reduction in force request under this Article in a building, such requests shall be consolidated for purposes of proceeding before the Special Committee and/or the Arbitrator.

ARTICLE VIII

No Strikes or Lockouts

1. There shall be no work stoppage, strike, lockout or picketing except as provided in Sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Article. If this provision is violated, the matter may be submitted immediately to the Arbitrator.

In the event of an alleged violation of this Article, the RAB or the Union may, by facsimile and by hand, request an immediate arbitration. The Office of the Contract Arbitrator shall schedule a hearing on the alleged violation within twenty-four (24) hours after receipt of said notice. The Arbitrator shall issue an award determining whether or not said alleged strike or lockout is in violation of the collective bargaining agreement and award appropriate remedy. This is a procedural provision intended only to bring the arbitration on more quickly.

2. If a judgment or Arbitrator's award against the Employer for Health, Pension, Training, Legal and Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund payments or wages or an award or judgment against a contractor for these or other payments is not complied with within three (3) weeks after such award is sent by registered or certified mail to the Employer or contractor at their last known address, the Union may order a stoppage of work, strike or picketing in the building involved to enforce the award or judgment, and it may also thereby compel payment of lost wages to any employee engaged in such activity. Upon compliance with the award and/or judgment and payment of lost wages, such activity shall cease.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this Article, should either party fail to abide by an arbitration award within three (3) weeks after such award is sent by registered or certified mail to the parties, either party may, in its sole and absolute discretion, bring an action at law to enforce such award. Should either party commence such suit it shall be entitled, if it succeeds, to receive from the other party all reasonable expenses for counsel fees and court costs. Should either party fail to abide by an arbitration award and fail to commence an action in court to vacate such award within three (3) weeks after such award is served as provided above, the aggrieved party shall have the right to strike and compel payment of lost wages to any employee engaged in strike activity or lockout without affecting the other terms and conditions of the Agreement.

4. The Union may order a work stoppage, strike or picketing in a building where work previously performed by members of the Union or within the Union's jurisdiction is being performed by persons outside of the bargaining unit anywhere in the building, provided that seventy-two (72) hours written notice or notice by facsimile and by hand is given to the Employer and the RAB of the Union's intention to do so.

5. The Union shall not be held liable for any violation of this Article where it appears that it has taken all reasonable steps to avoid and end the violation.

6. Labor Peace Committee - In the interest of labor peace, and in recognition of the relationship between the Long Island Real Estate Industry and the Union, the Union President, or their designee, and the RAB President, or their designee, and such other persons as they may mutually designate (including representatives of any interested employers) shall convene on a quarterly basis, or at the request of either President, to discuss any labor disputes, of which they are aware, with Employers. Both parties shall use their best efforts to notify the other party of such disputes in advance in order to provide an adequate opportunity to seek to resolve such disputes.

ARTICLE IX
Signatory Buildings
Multi Employer Bargaining

This Agreement may be adopted by any apartment building in New York, at any time on or before March 1, 2019, by filing with the Union through the RAB its written assent to this Agreement, except that the Union may refuse any assent if the building is already bound by reason of an existing agreement with the Union.

1. If there is a bona fide sale or other transfer of title of any member building, or a change of control through a lease, or in the case of a non-corporate ownership, if any person or persons completely divest themselves of ownership or control by any arrangement, the successors in ownership or control may, unless they have otherwise indicated their intention not to be bound by this Agreement, join the RAB and adopt the contract within forty-five (45) days after such acquisition, provided:

(a) The building is not already bound by another agreement.

(b) Written notice is given to the Union within five (5) days after joining the RAB. Notice shall be given by hand delivery or postmarked not later than the fifth (5th) business day.

(c) If the building was covered by any agreement, (1) during such period there is no layoff or change in wages, hours, terms or conditions of employment therein; (2) the new owner or transferee recognizes employee seniority and vacation status; (3) all obligations to employees, and those pursuant to the Health, Pension, Training, Legal and/or Supplemental Retirement Savings Funds are fully paid up to the transfer date; and (4) provision is made to pay retroactively any wage underpayments resulting from the building's improper classification under Article XIV. Any adoption by the Employer shall be deemed to be effective on the date of sale.

(d) A building being converted to cooperative or condominium ownership shall be treated as a newly acquired building upon the effective date of the declaration of the cooperative or condominium plan or transfer of title, or upon the transfer of shares to the first cooperative owners or the sale of first condominium unit, whichever is later.

(e) Any Employer signatory to an agreement with the Union other than this Agreement shall remain bound to the terms of that agreement until its expiration date. If such Employer joins the RAB it may adopt the RAB contract and be fully covered by the terms of the RAB Agreement after expiration of its other agreement and before execution of a new contract provided:

- (1) Notice in writing is given to the Union of such adoption prior to the expiration of the other contract;
- (2) Such Employer is not in default under the other contract; and
- (3) The RAB approves such membership.

2. With respect to newly organized, newly constructed buildings, or remodeled buildings that are tenant occupied, the Employers shall have forty-five (45) days to file a commitment to this Agreement after the Union serves a representation notice on the Employer with a showing of majority status of the existing employees, with a copy to the RAB.

Where the time limits provided for in this Article are not complied with, this Agreement shall not be applicable to such building unless the Union agrees to same in writing.

3. This Article notwithstanding, the Union may refuse to accept any building: (a) until it represents a majority of the building service employees; (b) where contributions for Pension, Health, Legal, Training and Supplemental Retirement Savings Funds are in default for three (3) months or more from the date payment was due; (c) where an award of the Arbitrator has not been complied with; (d) the Employer is in violation of an existing labor agreement with the Service Employees International Union elsewhere in Long Island or the City of New York; or (e) where during the term of this or the preceding Collective Bargaining Agreement, the Employer has taken a building whose employees are represented by the Union and in which building it has not retained the employees and/or existing conditions of employment. The right of refusal shall not be exercised in order to require the building to become a party to any other agreement. Before so refusing any building or taking any further action, the Union shall notify the RAB in writing.

The Union shall not refuse or reject an assent to this Agreement pursuant to any provisions of this Article unless and until the President of the Union or their designee and the President of the RAB or their designee have conferred in an effort to resolve any concerns with respect to the pending assent.

4. In the event an Employer intends to terminate their employer-employee relationship under this Agreement, then the Employer shall give the Union and the reasonable written notice prior to the effective date thereof and upon the request of the Union, the Employer shall meet with the Union to negotiate the impact of such termination upon the employees involved. The obligation to negotiate shall be subject to arbitration but failure to agree on the impact shall not be subject to arbitration.

In the event of a change of Employer in a building, the RAB shall use its best efforts to have the succeeding Employer join the RAB and become bound by the terms of this Agreement.

The RAB shall also use its best efforts to encourage all its members who are signatory to this Agreement to adopt this Agreement for each of their buildings located within Nassau and Suffolk Counties.

In the event an Employer terminates an employee or employees because of a change in ownership, operation, or control of a building or buildings, and such employee(s) are not offered employment or are not employed by the succeeding Employer in the building or buildings at the then existing wages, hours and working conditions, the terminated employee(s) shall receive severance pay in the amount of six (6) months' pay, in addition to any other accrued payments due under this Agreement.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to limit or diminish in any way the Union's right to enforce this Agreement against any transferee pursuant to applicable law concerning rules of successorship or otherwise; nor limit or diminish in any way the Union's or any employee's right to institute proceedings pursuant to the provisions of State or Federal labor relations laws, or any statutes or rules which may be applicable.

5. In the event that the Union enters into a contract, or contracts, or enters into renewals or modifications of a contract, or contracts with any Employer(s) covering apartment buildings which contain new or revised economic terms or other conditions which are effective on or after June 21, 2022, which economic terms or conditions are more favorable to such Employer(s) than the terms contained in this Agreement, the RAB and all its member buildings shall be entitled to and may have the full benefit of any and all of such more favorable terms, upon notification to the Union. This provision may be waived in writing for good cause shown by the President of the RAB or their designee and the President of the Union or their designee.

In buildings where wage rates under the category of "others" prior to June 21, 2022, were lower than those provided for in the 2018 Long Island Independent Apartment Building Agreement, wage increases agreed to by the Union and the Employers covering said buildings on or after June 21, 2022 shall not be construed as "more favorable" within the meaning of this Article unless the percentage increase in wages of "others" category is lower than that provided for in this Agreement. This provision shall not apply to:

- (a) Newly organized buildings during their first contract period;
- (b) Buildings in bankruptcy;
- (c) Buildings in receivership;
- (d) Employees who are solely and exclusively security guards;
- (e) One person buildings; and
- (f) Hardship buildings granted relief in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

Upon request of the President of the RAB, the Union shall provide copies of any agreement of Long Island that are more favorable to the Employer than the terms of this agreement.

Any Employer claiming financial hardship in operating a building may request a hearing before a Special Committee consisting of the President of the Union or their designee and the President of the RAB or their designee. At such hearing, the Employer shall present proof of financial hardship, including, without limitation, financial statements. The Committee may grant or deny in whole or in part relief from the provisions of this contract. This provision shall not be subject to grievance and arbitration.

ARTICLE X

Benefit Funds: Health, Pension, Training, Legal and Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund

A. HEALTH FUND

1. The Employer agrees to make payments to a health trust fund known as the "Building Service 32BJ Health Fund" to cover employees covered by this Agreement with such health benefits as may be determined by the Trustees of the Fund, and under such provisions, rules and regulations as may be determined by the Trustees, as provided in the Agreement and Declaration of Trust. The plan of benefits shall be the Suburban Plan of benefits.

2. Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer shall continue to contribute \$1,618.00 per month for each regular full-time employee and \$78.00 per month for each regular part-time employee, payable when and how the Trustees of the Health Fund determine.

Effective July 1, 2022, the monthly contribution shall be \$1,720.00 for each regular full-time employee and \$78.00 for each regular part-time employee. Effective January 1, 2023, the monthly contribution shall be \$1,750.00 for each regular full-time employee and \$78.00 for each regular part-time employee. Effective January 1, 2024, the monthly contribution shall be \$1,829.00 for each regular full-time employee and \$78 for each regular part time employee. Effective January 1, 2025 the monthly contribution shall be \$1,866.00 for each regular full-time employee and \$78 for each regular part time employee. Effective January 1, 2026 the monthly contribution to the Fund shall be increased to an amount not to exceed \$1,944.00 per month per covered employee and \$78.00 for each regular part-time employee.

3. Full-time employees shall be defined as those employees regularly employed twenty-four (24) hours or more per week.

4. Any Employer who has a plan in effect prior to the effective date of this Agreement which provides health benefits, the equivalent of, or better than, the benefits provided for herein, and the cost of which to the Employer is at least as great, may cover their employees under its existing plan or under this Fund. If the Trustees decide the existing plan does not provide equivalent benefits, but does provide health benefits superior to one or more types of health benefits under this Fund, the Employer may participate in the Fund wholly, or partially for hospitalization and/or surgical coverage, and make their payments to the Fund in the amount determined by the Trustees uniformly for all similarly participating Employers.

5. The parties acknowledge the work of the Health Fund Study Committee and have accepted the committee's previous recommendations set forth in the 2022 NYC 32BJ and RAB Apartment Building Agreement to save the Health Fund at least \$100 million per year in costs commencing no later than January 1, 2012.

6. The parties agree they will recommend to the Health Fund Trustees that, after consideration of the provisions of this Agreement relating to the Health Fund reserves, the Trustees consider, in consultation with the Fund professionals, investing reasonable amounts as agreed upon by the Trustees in excess of such reserves so that investment returns will contribute towards the

Fund's continued provision of high quality benefits coverage while ameliorating the adverse impacts of medical cost inflation on the Fund, its participants, and employers.

7. If during the term of this Agreement, the Trustees find the payment provided herein is insufficient to maintain benefits and adequate reserves for such benefits, they shall require the parties to increase the amounts needed to maintain such benefits and reserves. In the event the Trustees are unable to reach agreement on the amount required to maintain benefits and reserves, the matter shall be referred to arbitration. This provision shall be suspended for the life of this Agreement.

B. PENSION FUND

1. The Building Service 32BJ Pension Fund shall continue in force and effect in accordance with its provisions, which include the power of its Trustees to revise the amounts of the pension benefits and the conditions under which benefits will be paid, and to continue to cover such employees of other Employers in or connected with the industry for whom contributions are paid, provided such coverage is in compliance with law and the Trust Agreement.

Employees unable to work and who are on disability benefits or workers' compensation shall continue to accrue pension benefits during the periods of disability up to six (6) months or the period of the disability whichever is sooner.

2. Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer shall continue to contribute the sum of \$312.75 per month for every bargaining unit employee who is regularly employed twenty (20) or more hours per week, including paid time off. The Employer shall also make contributions on behalf of other bargaining unit employees to the extent that such employees work a sufficient number of hours to require benefit accrual pursuant to section 204 of ERISA.

Effective January 1, 2023, the Pension Fund contribution shall be increased to \$322.75 per month. Effective January 1, 2024, the Pension Fund contribution shall be increased to \$332.75 per month. Effective January 1, 2025, the Pension Fund contribution shall be increased to \$342.75. Effective January 1, 2026, the Pension Fund contribution rate shall be that established by the Trustees.

3. If the Employer has in effect a pension and retirement plan which has been determined to provide benefits equivalent or superior to those provided under the Building Service 32BJ Pension Fund, it may continue such plan provided it continues to provide retirement benefits equivalent or superior to the benefits that are provided under the Building Service 32BJ Pension Fund during the term of this Agreement, and it shall be relieved of any obligation to make payments into the Fund.

4. If the Employer has an existing plan as referred to above, it shall not discontinue or reduce benefits without prior Trustee approval and shall remain obligated to the employee(s) for whatever benefits they may be entitled.

5. In no event shall the Trustees or the Union directly or indirectly, by reason of the Agreement, be understood to consent to the extinguishment, change or diminution of any legal rights, vested or otherwise, that anyone may have in the continuation in existing form of any such Employer pension plan, and the Trustees and the Union shall be held harmless by an Employer against any action brought by anyone covered under such Employer's plan asserting a claim based upon anything done pursuant to Section 4 of this Article. Notice of the pendency of any such action shall be given to the Employer who may defend the action on behalf of the indemnitee.

6. The "Retirement Study Committee" established by the October 1, 2004 side letter to the 2005 Commercial Agreement from James Berg to Michael Fishman shall be modified to include representatives from the residential sector to be appointed by the RAB President.

7. The bargaining parties agree that the foregoing contribution requirements for the Pension Fund are consistent with the contribution rate schedules required by the Pension Fund's rehabilitation plan under Section 432 of the Internal Revenue Code.

C. TRAINING, SCHOLARSHIP AND SAFETY FUND

The Employer agrees to contribute to a Fund which will be administered as part of the Thomas Shortman Training, Scholarship and Safety Fund.

Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer will continue to remit the annual contribution of \$169.60 per covered employee to the Training Fund, payable when and how the Trustees determine.

The parties agree to offer additional scholarships as well as add training classes to address identifying and preventing elder abuse and ensuring a respectful workplace.

D. GROUP PREPAID LEGAL FUND

Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer shall continue to contribute \$199.60 to the Building Service 32BJ Legal Services Fund per year per covered employee, payable when and how the Trustees determine.

Effective January 1, 2023 the rate of contribution to the Legal Fund shall be \$36.00 per covered employee per year, payable when and how the Trustees determine.

Effective January 1, 2024 the rate of contribution to the Legal Fund shall be \$36.00 per covered employee per year, payable when and how the Trustees determine.

Effective January 1, 2025 the rate of contribution to the Legal Fund shall be \$199.60 per covered employee per year, payable when and how the Trustees determine.

Effective January 1, 2026 the rate of contribution to the Legal Fund shall be that established by the Trustees.

E. SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND (SRSF)

Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer will continue to remit \$10.00 per week per employee to SRSF.

Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer shall continue to contribute an additional \$10 per week to the SRSF for each employee upon the employee's completion of 25 years of service at their building, provided, however, that if as a result of the 2024 New York City Commercial Building Agreement such employees receive additional pension benefits for years of service in excess of 25, the obligation under this provision shall cease on the effective date of the commencement of such additional benefits.

Effective June 21, 2022, the Employer shall continue to contribute an additional \$10 per week to the SRSF for time worked in that position for Resident Managers and full-time Superintendents who have been employed as a Resident Manager or Superintendent for at least two (2) years in that position in the building.

F. PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL FUNDS

1. If the Employer fails to make required reports or payments to the Funds, the Trustees may in their sole and absolute discretion take any action necessary, including but not limited to immediate arbitration and suits at law, to enforce such reports and payments, together with interest and liquidated damages as provided in the Funds' trust agreements, and any and all expenses of collection, including but not limited to counsel fees, arbitration costs, fees and court costs.

Any Employer regularly or consistently delinquent in Health, Pension, Training, Legal and Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund payments may be required, at the option of the Trustees of the Funds, to provide the appropriate Trust Fund with a security guaranteeing prompt payment of such payments.

2. The Trustees of the Funds shall make such amendments to the Trust Agreements, and shall adopt such regulations as may be required to conform to applicable law, and which shall in any case provide that employees whose work comes within the jurisdiction of the Union (which shall not be considered to include anyone in an important managerial position) may only be covered for benefits if the building in which they are employed has a collective bargaining agreement with the Union. Any dispute about the Union's jurisdiction shall be settled by the President of the Union and the RAB's President

3. Except as provided in Article XVII, Section 18(a), employees shall have a waiting period of ninety (90) days before becoming eligible to participate in the Funds with the sole exception of participating in the Training Fund, and no contributions shall be made on behalf of the employees over the three (3) month period.

4. On or after January 1, 2022, any contributions and benefits required hereunder (except Supplemental Retirement Savings Fund, Pension and Health) shall be increased by any

amount and in the same manner as contributions and benefits may be increased in the Commercial Building Agreement to succeed the presently effective 2020 Commercial Building Agreement.

5. The parties agree that the Presidents of the RAB and Local 32BJ may determine, in their discretion and upon mutual consent, prior to the beginning of the calendar years beginning January 1, 2023, January 1, 2024, January 1, 2025 and January 1, 2026, to allocate any portion of the scheduled contributions in any of the Funds to any other Funds.

6. By agreeing to make the required payments into the Funds, the Employer hereby adopts and shall be bound by the Agreement and Declaration of Trust as it may be amended and the rules and regulations adopted or hereafter adopted by the Trustees of each Fund in connection with the provision and administration of benefits and the collection of contributions.

ARTICLE XI
Disability Benefits Law
Unemployment Insurance Law

1. The Employer shall cover its employees so that they shall receive maximum weekly cash benefits provided under the New York State Disability Benefits Law on a non-contributory basis, and also under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law, whether or not such coverages are mandatory.

2. Failure to so cover employees makes the Employer liable to an employee for all loss of benefits and insurance.

3. The Employer will cooperate with employees in processing their claims and shall supply all necessary forms, properly addressed, and shall post adequate notice of places for filing claims.

4. If the employee requests workers' compensation benefits then no sick leave shall be paid to such employee unless the employee specifically requests in writing payment of such leave. If an employee requests disability benefits then only five (5) days sick leave shall be paid to such employee (if the employee has that amount unused) unless the employee specifically requests in writing payment of additional available sick leave.

5. Any employee required to attend their Workers' Compensation hearing shall be paid for their regularly scheduled hours during such attendance.

6. Any cost incurred by the Union to enforce the provisions of this Article shall be borne by the Employer.

7. The Parties agree to establish a committee under the auspices of the Building Service 32BJ Suburban Health Fund to investigate and report on the feasibility of self-insuring disability and unemployment benefits.

8. In accordance with Article 10-A of the New York Workers' Compensation Law, § 350 et seq., the Employer shall be permitted to contract with a preferred provider organization (PPO) to deliver all medical services mandated by the Workers' Compensation Law. The Employer and employees may exercise all rights granted to them under Article 10-A.

ARTICLE XII

Sickness Benefits

1. Employees shall be entitled to an accrual of twelve (12) days of sick leave per year of service, which shall accumulate from year to year, which they may claim, and receive their regular straight-time pay for, upon production of a physician's certificate stating that they were unable to work because of illness on the day or days claimed as sick leave. Any such accrual not used may be taken as additional days' vacation. An employee who misses a holiday as a result of such an illness shall be entitled to another day in lieu of the holiday, within two (2) weeks of their return to work.

2. Employees who do not desire to accumulate sick days in accordance with paragraph 1 of this article and who have continued employment to the end of the calendar year and have not used all sickness benefits shall be paid in the succeeding January, one (1) full day's pay for each unused sick day.

Any employee who has a perfect attendance record for the calendar year shall receive an attendance bonus of \$200.00 in addition to payment of the unused sick days.

For the purpose of this provision, perfect attendance shall mean that the employee has not used any sick days and has no unpaid leaves of absence (except Union-paid, Union-sponsored leave for collective bargaining and Union governance functions).

If an Employer fails to pay an employee before the end of February, then such Employer shall pay one (1) additional day's pay unless the Employer challenges the entitlement or amount due.

3. An employee absent from duty due to illness only on a scheduled workday immediately before and/or only on the scheduled workday immediately after a holiday shall not be eligible for sick pay for said absent workday or workdays.

4. The employee shall receive the above sick pay whether or not such illness is covered by New York State Disability Benefits Law or the New York State Workers' Compensation Act; however, there shall be no pyramiding or duplication of Disability Benefits and/or Workers Compensation Benefits with sick pay.

5. A "regular" employee shall be defined as one who is a full or part time employee employed on a regular schedule. Those employed less than forty (40) hours a week on a regular basis shall receive a pro rata portion of sickness benefits provided herein computed on a forty (40) hour workweek.

6. All payments set forth in this Article are voluntarily assumed by the Employer, in consideration of concessions made by the Union with respect to various other provisions of this agreement, and any such payment shall be deemed to be a voluntary contribution or aid within the meaning of any applicable statutory provisions.

7. The parties agree that on an annual basis the paid leave benefits provided to regular employees under this Agreement, including but not limited to paid sick leave, vacation days, personal days and service center days are comparable to or better than those provided under the New York Paid Sick Leave Law, NY Labor Law §196-b. Therefore, the provisions of those Acts are hereby waived.

ARTICLE XIII

Building Acquisition by Public Authority

Where a building is acquired by a public authority of any nature through condemnation, purchase or otherwise, the last owner shall guarantee the payment of termination pay and of accrued vacations due to the employees up to the date of transfer of title. The Union will, however, seek to have such authority assume the obligations for payments. If unsuccessful and the last owner becomes liable for such payments, the amounts thereof shall be liens upon any condemnation award or on any amount received by such last owner.

ARTICLE XIV

Building Classifications

1. (a) Class A buildings are buildings where the assessed value of the land and building, based upon the 1935 assessment, divided by the number of rooms in the building, gives an assessed value of over \$4,000 a room;

(b) Class B buildings are buildings where the assessed value of the land and building, based upon the 1935 assessment, divided by the number of rooms in the building, gives an assessed value of over \$2,000 a room, and not over \$4,000 a room;

(c) Class C buildings are buildings where the assessed value of the land and building, based upon the 1935 assessment, divided by the number of rooms in the building, gives an assessed value of \$2,000 or less a room.

(d) All non-publicly financed buildings now or in the future owned cooperatively or in condominium shall be classified Class A and wages shall be paid accordingly.

2. In classifying buildings completed and opened for occupancy after the levying of the 1935 assessment, the first year of assessment shall control. Where a building is newly erected or remodeled and opened for occupancy after April 21, 1976, and where its proper classification as finally determined indicated that the employees had been paid wages lower than required under said classification, employees shall be paid retroactively all amounts they would have received under the proper classification.

3. In calculating the number of rooms, a room shall be considered to be a rentable room enclosed by four (4) walls, with a door and with a window facing a street, court, areaway or airshaft.

4. Bathrooms shall not be counted as rooms except in apartments of three rooms or less, where bathrooms shall be counted as half rooms, but this provision shall not cause a revision of existing classifications.

5. Rooms occupied by the superintendent and servants, if above cellar or basement level, shall be included in the total number of rooms.

6. Where stores are on the ground floor, the number of rooms on that floor shall be considered to be the same number, less three (3), as on a typical floor.

7. When eighty (80) percent of a building's area and total number of units are changed to commercial and/or professional occupancy, it shall be considered a commercial building no longer covered under this Agreement but shall be covered under the applicable Commercial Building Agreement.

ARTICLE XV Wages and Hours

A. BUILDING SERVICE EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN WORKING SUPERINTENDENTS

1. (a) Effective June 21, 2022, each employee covered hereunder shall receive a wage increase of \$30.00 per week (\$0.75 for each regular straight time hour worked); handypersons shall receive a wage increase of \$32.00 per week (\$0.80 for each regular straight time hour worked); superintendents shall receive a wage increase of \$33.00 (\$0.825 for each regular straight time hour worked).

Additionally, the minimum weekly rate differentials for handypersons, including all employees doing similar or comparable work by whatever title known, shall be increased by two dollars (\$2.00) per week and each such employee shall receive a wage increase in an amount necessary to bring them up to the new contract minima.

Minimum wages for a standard workweek shall then be:

	Class "A"	Class "B"	Class "C"
Handyperson	\$1,150.93	\$1,148.62	\$1,146.31
Other	\$1,039.93	\$1,037.62	\$1,035.31

(b) Effective June 21, 2023 each employee covered hereunder shall receive a wage increase of \$30.00 per week (\$0.75 for each regular straight time hour worked); handypersons shall receive a wage increase of \$32.00 per week (\$0.80 for each regular straight time hour

worked); superintendents shall receive a wage increase of \$33.00 per week (\$0.825 for each regular straight time hour worked.)

Additionally, the minimum weekly rate differentials for handypersons, including all employees doing similar or comparable work by whatever title known, shall be increased by two dollars (\$2.00) per week and each such employee shall receive a wage increase in an amount necessary to bring them up to the new contract minima.

Minimum wages for a standard workweek shall then be:

	Class "A"	Class "B"	Class "C"
Handyperson	\$1,182.93	\$1,180.62	\$1,178.31
Other	\$1,069.93	\$1,067.62	\$1,065.31

(c) Effective June 21, 2024, each employee covered hereunder shall receive a wage increase of \$30.00 per week (\$0.75 for each regular straight time hour worked); handypersons shall receive a wage increase of \$32.00 per week (\$0.80 for each regular straight time hour worked); superintendents shall receive a wage increase of \$33.00 per week (\$0.825 for each regular straight time hour worked).

Additionally, the minimum weekly rate differentials for handypersons, including all employees doing similar or comparable work by whatever title known, shall be increased by two dollars (\$2.00) per week and each such employee shall receive a wage increase in an amount necessary to bring them up to the new contract minima.

Minimum wages for a standard workweek shall then be:

	Class "A"	Class "B"	Class "C"
Handyperson	\$1,214.93	\$1,212.62	\$1,210.31
Other	\$1,099.93	\$1,097.62	\$1,095.31

(d) Effective June 21, 2025, each employee covered hereunder shall receive a wage increase of \$34.00 per week (\$0.85 for each regular straight time hour worked); handypersons shall receive a wage increase of \$36.00 per week (\$0.90 for each regular straight time hour worked); and superintendents shall receive a wage increase of \$37.00 per week (\$0.925 for each regular straight time hour worked).

Additionally, the minimum weekly rate differentials for handypersons, including all employees doing similar or comparable work by whatever title known, shall be increased by two dollars (\$2.00) per week and each such employee shall receive a wage increase in an amount necessary to bring them up to the new contract minima.

Minimum wages for a standard workweek shall then be:

	Class "A"	Class "B"	Class "C"
Handyperson.....	\$1,250.93	\$1,248.62	\$1,246.31
Other	\$1,133.93	\$1,131.62	\$1,129.31

(e) Effective June 21, 2023, in the event that the percentage increase in the cost of living [Consumer Price Index for the City of New York – Metropolitan Area (New York-New Jersey) Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers] from February 2022 to February 2023 exceeds 6.5%, then, in that event, an increase of \$.10 per hour for each full 1% increase in the cost of living in excess of 6.5% shall be granted effective for the first full work week commencing after June 21, 2023. In no event shall said increase pursuant to this provision exceed \$.20 per hour. In computing increases in the cost of living above 6.5%, less than .5% shall be ignored and increases of .5% or more shall be considered a full point. Any increases hereunder shall be added to the minimum.

(f) Effective June 21, 2024, in the event that the percentage increase in the cost of living [Consumer Price Index for the City of New York – Metropolitan Area (New York-New Jersey) Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers] from February 2023 to February 2024 exceeds 6%, then, in that event, an increase of \$.10 per hour for each full 1% increase in the cost of living in excess of 6% shall be granted effective for the first full work week commencing after June 21, 2024. In no event shall said increase pursuant to this provision exceed \$.20 per hour. In computing increases in the cost of living above 6%, less than 0.5% shall be ignored and increases of .5% or more shall be considered a full point. Any increases hereunder shall be added to the minimum.

(g) Effective June 21, 2025, in the event that the percentage increase in the cost of living [Consumer Price Index for the City of New York – Metropolitan Area (New York-New Jersey) Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers] from February 2024 to February 2025 exceeds 6%, then, in that event, an increase of \$.10 per hour for each full 1% increase in the cost of living in excess of 6% shall be granted effective for the first full work week commencing after June 21, 2025. In no event shall said increase pursuant to this provision exceed \$.20 per hour. In computing increases in the cost of living above 6%, less than 0.5% shall be ignored and increases of .5% or more shall be considered a full point. Any increases hereunder shall be added to the minimum.

(h) Minimum wage rates shall be increased accordingly to reflect the above increases in each category of work.

(i) Minimum rates shall be those set forth in the tables on page 55 hereof, plus applicable cost of living increases, if any.

1. (a) The standard workweek shall consist of five (5) days of eight (8) hours each, but the two (2) days off in such standard workweek need not be consecutive, except as provided in Article III, Section 3.

Overtime at the rate of time and one-half the regular straight-time hourly rate shall be paid for all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week, whichever is greater. A paid holiday shall be considered as a day worked for the purpose of computing overtime pay.

Every employee shall be entitled to two (2) days off in each workweek and any work performed on such days shall be considered overtime and paid for at the rate of time and one-half.

The straight-time hourly rate shall be computed by dividing the weekly wage by the number of hours in the standard workweek.

(b) Luncheon recess shall not be less than forty-five (45) minutes nor more than one (1) hour, and no employee shall be required to take time off in any work day in excess of one (1) hour for luncheon recess without having such time charged against the Employer as working time.

(c) No regular full-time employee shall have their regular work hours, as set forth above, reduced below the standard workweek in order to effect a corresponding reduction in pay.

(d) Hours of work for all full-time employees shall be consecutive each day, except for the luncheon period.

(e) Any employee called in to work by the Employer for any time not consecutive with their regular schedule shall be paid for at least four (4) hours of overtime.

(f) Any employee who spends one full week or more performing work in a higher paying category shall receive the higher rate of pay for such service.

(g) Employees required to work overtime shall be paid at least one (1) hour at the overtime rate, except for employees working overtime due to absenteeism or lateness.

(h) Any employee who has worked eight (8) hours in a day and is required to work at least four (4) hours of overtime in that day, shall be given a \$15.00 meal allowance.

(i) No overtime shall be given for disciplinary purposes. An Employer shall not require an employee to work an excessive amount of overtime.

(j) The Employer agrees to use its best efforts to provide a minimum of sixteen (16) hours off between shifts for its employees.

B. WORKING SUPERINTENDENTS

1. (a) Effective June 21, 2022, Superintendents covered by this Agreement shall receive a \$33.00 weekly wage increase.

(b) Effective June 21, 2023, Superintendents covered by this Agreement shall receive a \$33.00 weekly wage increase.

(c) Effective June 21, 2024, Superintendents covered by this Agreement shall receive a \$33.00 weekly wage increase.

(d) Effective June 21, 2025, Superintendents covered by this Agreement shall receive a \$37.00 weekly wage increase.

(e) Superintendents shall be covered under the same provision regarding cost of living increases set forth in Section A, paragraphs 1(e), (f), and (g) of this Article applicable to other employees.

(f) Certain special Superintendents agreements covering unusual cases, including part-time and workout Superintendents, shall be negotiated individually as heretofore.

2. (a) The standard workweek shall consist of five days (40 hours) but the two (2) days off in such workweek need not be consecutive. The Employer may reschedule the Superintendent's days off, either consecutively or non-consecutively; provided, however, that the Employer must give the Superintendent at least one (1) week's notice of any change in scheduled days off.

(b) In all other respects the building's present practices as to the Superintendent's duties shall continue and, as heretofore, the Superintendent shall take care of emergencies. If the Superintendent is required by the Employer to perform other than emergency work on their days off, they shall receive equivalent time off during the same workweek or a day's pay at the time and one-half rate, as the case may be, by agreement between the Employer and Superintendent. Nothing herein shall be construed to affect any rights a Superintendent may have under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

(c) The Superintendent shall not be required to do work in conflict with law.

(d) When an obvious inequity exists by reason of a Superintendent's regular application of highly specialized abilities in their work, or where this work imposes special or substantial additional responsibilities, the Union may question the amount of the Superintendent's wage once during the term of this Agreement through grievance and arbitration.

ARTICLE XVI

Provisions Applicable to Superintendents Only

JOB SECURITY AND SEVERANCE PAY FOR WORKING SUPERINTENDENTS

1. If the building is demolished or there is a bona fide transfer of title or leasehold resulting in a substantial change in the beneficial interest in the building, the Employer will pay the Superintendent on or about the date of demolition or transfer of title the severance pay provided for below, plus accrued vacation credits, unless the Employer offers an equivalent position in the same or in another building without loss of seniority. If the Employer does not offer such an equivalent position and receives severance pay, and if the new Employer continues on the job and

becomes party to this Agreement, seniority for severance pay purposes shall be computed from the date of transfer of title or change in beneficial interest.

2. If the Employer discharges the Superintendent for reasons other than those set forth in Section 5 below, he shall give them thirty (30) days' written notice by registered mail or personal service to vacate the apartment they occupy in the building. If the Superintendent does not contest their discharge, they shall receive an additional thirty (30) days to vacate the apartment. If they are required to do any work during this notice period, they shall be paid at their regular rate of pay.

If the Superintendent voluntarily vacates said apartment within thirty (30) days after notice (sixty (60) days if discharge is not contested) they shall receive severance pay or moving expenses on the following basis according to length of service:

Less than 6 months	\$1,000 moving expenses
6 months but less than 2 years	4 weeks' pay
2 years but less than 3 years	5 weeks' pay
3 years but less than 4 years	6 weeks' pay
4 years but less than 5 years	7 weeks' pay
5 years but less than 6 years	8 weeks' pay
6 years but less than 7 years	9 weeks' pay
7 years but less than 8 years	10 weeks' pay
8 years or more	11 weeks' pay

Unless the employee deliberately provoked their dismissal, or their conduct constituted a willful or substantial violation of the obligations of their employment, but this limitation shall not apply to moving expenses.

3. The Union may question the propriety of the termination of the Superintendent's services and demand reinstatement to their job, or severance pay, if any, as the case may be, by filing a grievance within fifteen (15) calendar days following receipt by the Superintendent of the notice to vacate, on the charge that the Employer acted arbitrarily; provided, however, that the time to file a claim for severance pay shall not be limited in a case where the Employer fails to honor an agreement with the Superintendent or the Union to pay severance pay. If the matter is not adjusted through the grievance procedure, it shall be submitted for final determination to the Arbitrator who may sustain the termination with such severance pay, if any, as the case may be, or order reinstatement. The Arbitrator shall give due consideration to the Superintendent's fiduciary and management responsibilities and to the need for cooperation between the Superintendent and the Employer.

4. The Employer's notice to the Superintendent to vacate the apartment shall be considered held in abeyance and the effective date thereof considered postponed, if necessary, until the matter is adjusted or determined through grievance or arbitration; but the Union must exercise its right to question the Employer's action within the prescribed time and the matter must be processed with reasonable promptness.

No Employer shall commence an eviction proceeding, or seek to collect use and occupancy prior to an arbitrator's award provided that the Superintendent agrees in writing not to contest an

eviction proceeding in the event that the arbitrator has upheld the discharge. There shall be no interruption of utilities or other essential services to the Superintendent's apartment prior to the date an arbitrator's award ordering such Superintendent to vacate their apartment.

5. The Employer, by written notice served personally or by registered mail, may require the Superintendent to vacate the living premises immediately in exceptional cases where the Superintendent's continued presence might jeopardize the tenants, employees, or the building and where the proper operation of the building requires the immediate employment of a replacement. The Union may question the termination of the Superintendent's services by filing a grievance within seven (7) calendar days following the receipt by the Superintendent of the notice to vacate.

6. The provision for arbitration of discharge shall not apply for the first six (6) months of a Superintendent's employment. Upon agreement between the Union and the Employer with respect to any individual Superintendent, the provision for arbitration of discharge shall not apply for an additional six (6) months of a Superintendent's employment. For grievances arising during the first two (2) months of employment, the presentation period referred to in Article V, Section 7 shall be 240 days.

7. Any Superintendent resigning or terminated because of physical or mental inability to perform their duties shall receive severance pay in addition to accrued vacation credits based upon the schedule provided in this Article.

Such a Superintendent may resign and receive severance pay if they submit a valid certification of disability from the Social Security Administration at the time of termination, unless, because of circumstances connected with their condition, they are unable to comply with this requirement. In the event of a dispute concerning the sufficiency of the evidence, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with Article XVII, paragraph 20.

8. Superintendents employed in buildings with six (6) or more employees shall hereafter be covered by the Long Island RAB/32BJ Apartment Building Agreement through August 20, 2026.

ARTICLE XVII

General Clauses

1. Differentials.

Existing wage differentials among classes of workers within a building shall be maintained. It is recognized that wage differentials other than those required herein may exist or arise because of wages above the minima required by this Agreement. No change in such differentials shall be considered a violation of this Agreement unless it appears that it results from an attempt to break down the wage structure for the building.

Where an obvious inequity exists by reason of an employee's regular application of specialized abilities in their work, the amount or correctness of the differential or wage may be determined by grievance and/or arbitration.

Notwithstanding the above, it is understood that licensed engineers covered under this Agreement shall receive the same wages and benefits as paid to engineers under the Realty Advisory Board (RAB) Agreement covering licensed engineers in New York City except that Pension, Health, Legal and Training Fund contributions shall continue to be paid under the terms of this Agreement.

2. *Pyramiding.*

There shall be no pyramiding of overtime pay, sick pay, holiday pay or any other premium pay. If more than one of the aforesaid are applicable, compensation shall be computed on the basis giving the greatest amount.

3. *Holidays* - The following are the recognized contract holidays:

Holiday	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
New Year's Day		Sun, Jan 1	Mon, Jan 1	Wed, Jan 1	Thurs, Jan 1
MLK Day		Mon, Jan 16	Mon, Jan 15	Mon, Jan 20	Mon, Jan 19
Presidents' Day		Mon, Feb 20	Mon, Feb 19	Mon, Feb 17	Mon, Feb 16
Good Friday		Fri, April 7	Fri, March 29	Fri, April 18	Fri, April 3
Memorial Day		Mon, May 29	Mon, May 27	Mon, May 26	Mon, May 25
Independence Day	Mon, July 4	Tues, July 4	Thurs, July 4	Fri, July 4	
Labor Day	Mon, Sept 5	Mon, Sept 4	Mon, Sept 2	Mon, Sept 1	
Columbus Day	Mon, Oct 10	Mon, Oct 9	Mon, Oct 14	Mon, Oct 13	
Election Day	Tues, Nov 8	Tues, Nov 7	Tues, Nov 5	Tues, Nov 4	
Thanksgiving Day	Thurs, Nov 24	Thurs, Nov 23	Thurs, Nov 28	Thurs, Nov 27	
Christmas Day	Sun, Dec 25	Mon, Dec 25	Wed, Dec 25	Thurs, Dec 25	

The parties shall form a joint committee to evaluate the potential substitution of personal days for holidays provided under Article XVII, Section 3. The Committee shall be empowered to consider and/or implement a pilot program at selected buildings', select holidays appropriate for substituting, and establish guidelines for the scheduling of personal days.

The Employer shall post a holiday schedule on the bulletin board and it shall remain posted throughout the year.

Employees shall receive their straight time pay for said holidays and in addition thereto all work required to be performed on any of said holidays shall be paid for at time-and-one-half as such. Any employee required to work on a holiday shall receive at least eight (8) hours pay for such work at the holiday rate of pay (in addition to the eight (8) hours pay they receive for such holiday as such) even though they are not required to work eight (8) hours.

All hours worked over eight (8) hours on such holiday shall be paid for at two-and-one-half times their regular rate of pay.

Any regular full-time employee ill in any payroll week in which a holiday falls shall receive holiday pay or one day off if they worked at least one day during said payroll week.

Any regular full-time employee whose regular day off or one of whose regular days off falls on a holiday, shall receive an additional day's pay therefore or at the option of the Employer, an extra workday off within ten (10) days immediately before or after the holiday. If the employee receives the extra day off before the holiday and employment is terminated for any reason, they need not compensate the Employer for that day.

4. Personal Days.

All employees shall receive two (2) personal days in each contract year. These personal days are in addition to the holidays listed in paragraph 3 above. The personal days shall be scheduled in accordance with the following provision:

Employees may select such day off on five (5) days notice to the Employer provided such selection does not result in a reduction of employees in the building below 75% of the normal work staff. Such selection shall be made in accordance with seniority.

Upon request and in accordance with the terms of this Section, employees shall be allowed to use a personal day from their allotment to observe Juneteenth.

5. Voting Time.

Election Day is a recognized holiday and any employee who is required to work and who gives legal notice shall be allowed two (2) hours off, such hours to be designated by the Employer, while the polls are open. Said two (2) hours shall be included in the eight (8) hour day for which such employee receives their regular straight-time idle pay, but shall not be considered as hours actually worked for the purpose of premium pay.

6. Schedules.

Overtime, Sunday and holiday work shall be evenly distributed so far as is compatible with the efficient operation of the building, except where Sunday is a regular part of the workweek.

7. Relief Employees.

Relief or part-time employees shall be paid the same hourly rate as full-time employees in the same occupational classification.

8. Method of Payment of Wages.

All wages, including overtime, shall be paid weekly in cash or by check, with an itemized statement of payroll deductions.

If a regular pay day falls on a holiday, employees shall be paid on the day before.

Employees paid by check who work during regular banking hours shall be given reasonable time to cash their checks exclusive of their break and lunch period. The Employer shall make suitable arrangements at a convenient bank for such check cashing.

In the event an Employer's check to an employee for wages is returned due to insufficient funds on a bona fide basis twice within a year's period, the Employer shall be required to pay all employees by cash or certified check.

The Employer may require, at no cost to the employee, that an employee's check be electronically deposited at the employee's designated bank, or a paycheck card may be utilized. The Union shall be notified by the Employer of this arrangement.

The Union recognizes that certain employees and Employers desire to utilize a bi-weekly payroll schedule. Employers recognize that bi-weekly pay may create hardships for certain employees. The parties have previously agreed to create an industry-wide committee to study the bi-weekly pay issue. The industry-wide committee is now authorized to conduct pilot programs instituting bi-weekly pay at any selected residential building(s) where the Union and the Employer agree to institute bi-weekly pay. If bi-weekly pay is permitted under the Commercial Building Agreement, then it shall be permitted under this Agreement.

9. Leave of Absence and Pregnancy Leave.

(a) Once during the term of this Agreement, upon written application to the Employer and the Union, a regular full-time employee (excluding a working Superintendent) employed in the building for five (5) years or more shall be granted a leave of absence for illness and injury not to exceed six (6) months.

The leaves of absence outlined above are subject to an extension not exceeding six (6) months in the case of bona fide inability to work whether or not covered by the New York State Workers' Compensation Law or New York State Disability Benefits Law. When such employee is physically and mentally able to resume work, that employee shall on one (1) week's prior written notice to the Employer be then reemployed with no seniority loss.

In cases involving on-the-job injuries, employees who are on medical leave for more than one (1) year may be entitled to return their jobs if there is good cause shown.

(b) Regular full-time employees (excluding a working Superintendent) employed for two (2) years but less than five (5) years shall be granted a leave of absence for illness or injury not to exceed one hundred and twenty (120) days.

(c) In buildings where there are more than four (4) employees, an employee shall be entitled to four (4) weeks leave of absence without pay for paternity/maternity leave. The leave must be taken immediately following the birth or adoption of the child.

Pregnancy shall be treated as any other disability suffered by an employee in accordance with applicable law.

Any leave of absences in Section 9 will run concurrently with the FMLA, as well as applicable city and state law.

(d) Once every five (5) years, upon six (6) weeks' written application to the Employer, a regular full-time employee (excluding a working Superintendent) employed in the building for five (5) years or more shall be granted a leave of absence for personal reasons not to exceed four (4) months. Upon returning to work, the employee shall be employed with no loss of seniority. Anytime limitation with regard to the six (6) weeks written application shall be waived in cases where an emergency leave of absence is required.

(e) Any employee requesting a personal leave of absence shall be covered for health benefits during the period of the leave provided the employee requests welfare coverage while on leave of absence and pays the Employer in advance for the cost of same.

(f) Any employee on leave due to workers' compensation or disability shall continue to be covered for health benefits without the necessity of payment by the Employer in accordance with Article X, Paragraph A, Sub-paragraph 1.

(g) Employers shall provide family leave in accordance with the coverage and requirements of the NYS Paid Family Leave Law ("NYSPFL"). Any Employer who is required by law to comply with the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) shall comply with the requirements of said Act. All leaves under prior paragraphs in this section will run concurrently with applicable FMLA leave, applicable NYSPFL leave and/or applicable State or local law leave requirements.

(h) The RAB will encourage Employers to cooperate in granting leaves of absence for Union business.

10. Vacations and Vacation Replacements.

a. Every employee employed with substantial continuity in any building or by the same Employer shall receive each year a vacation with pay, as follows:

Employees who have worked

6 Months	3 working days
1 Year	2 weeks
5 Years	3 weeks
15 Years	4 weeks
21 Years	21 working days
22 Years	22 working days
23 Years	23 working days
24 Years	24 working days
25 Years	5 weeks

Length of employment for vacation shall be based upon the amount of vacation an employee would be entitled to on September 15th of the year in which the vacation is given, subject to grievance and arbitration where the result is unreasonable.

Part-time employees regularly employed shall receive proportionate vacation allowance based on the average number of hours per week they are employed.

Firepersons who have worked substantially one (1) firing season in the same building or for the same Employer, when laid off, shall be paid at least three (3) days' wages in lieu of vacation.

Firepersons who have been employed more than one (1) full firing season in the same building or by the same Employer shall be considered full-time employees in computing vacations.

Regular days off and contract holidays falling during the vacation period shall not be counted. If a contract holiday falls during the employee's vacation period, said employee shall receive an additional day's pay therefore, or, at the Employer's option, an extra day off within ten (10) days immediately preceding or succeeding a vacation.

Vacation wages shall be paid prior to the vacation period unless otherwise requested by the employee, who is entitled to actual vacation and who cannot instead be required to accept money.

Any Employer who fails to pay vacation pay in accordance with this provision where the vacation has been regularly scheduled shall pay an additional two (2) days pay for each vacation week due at that time.

When compatible with the proper operation of the building, choice of vacation periods shall be according to building seniority and confined to the period beginning May 1st and ending September 15th of each year. These dates may be changed and the third vacation week may be taken at a separate time by mutual agreement of the Employer and the employee.

The fourth and fifth week of vacation may, at the Employer's option, be scheduled, upon two (2) weeks' notice to the employee, for a week or two weeks other than the period when he takes the rest of their vacation.

Any employee leaving their job for any reason, shall be entitled to a vacation accrual allowance computed on their length of service as provided in the vacation schedule based on the elapsed period from the previous September 16th (or from the date of their employment if later employed) to the date of their leaving. Any employee who has received a vacation during the previous vacation period (May 1st through September 15th) and who leaves their job during the next vacation period under circumstances which entitled them to vacation accrual rights, shall be entitled to full vacation accrual allowances instead of on the basis of the elapsed period from the previous September 16th. Any employee who has received no vacation and has worked at least six (6) months before leaving their job shall be entitled to vacation allowance equal to the vacation allowance provided above.

No employee leaving their position of their own accord shall be entitled to accrued vacation unless the employee gives five (5) working days' termination notice.

Any Employer assuming this Agreement shall be responsible for payment of vacation pay and granting of vacations required under this Agreement which may have accrued prior to the Employer taking over the building less any amounts paid or given for that vacation year. In the event that the Employer terminates its Employer-employee relationship under this Agreement and the successor Employer does not have an agreement with the Union providing for at least the same vacation benefits, the Employer shall be responsible for all accrued vacation benefits.

b. A person hired solely for the purpose of relieving employees for vacation shall be paid 60% of the minimum applicable regular hourly wage rate. Should a vacation relief employee continue to be employed beyond five (5) months, such employee shall be paid the wage rate of a new hire or experienced person as the case may be. If a vacation replacement is hired for a permanent position immediately after working as a vacation replacement, such employee shall be credited with time worked as a vacation replacement toward completion of the 30-month period required to achieve the full rate of pay under the "New Hires" provision.

In the event that the arbitrator finds that an Employer is using this rate as a subterfuge, such arbitrator may, among other remedies, award full pay from the date of employment at the applicable hiring rate.

During the five (5) month vacation relief period, no contribution to any Benefit Funds shall be made for a vacation relief person, and vacation relief persons are not eligible for 32BJ Funds coverage during the five (5) month vacation relief period, except that they are eligible to participate in the Training Fund during the five (5) month vacation relief period, consistent with Article X, Section F(3).

11. *Day of Rest.*

Each employee shall receive at least one (1) full day of rest in every seven (7) days.

12. *Uniforms and Other Apparel.*

Uniforms and work clothes where they have been required by the Employer or where necessary for the job shall be supplied and maintained by the Employer. All uniforms shall be appropriate for the season.

It is understood that where the Employer does not require uniforms, the employees shall be free to wear suitable clothing of their choice.

Employees doing outside work shall be furnished adequate wearing apparel for the purpose.

In buildings of 500,000 square feet or more, the Employer shall be required to furnish uniforms and work clothes.

13. *First Aid Kit.*

An adequate and complete first aid kit shall be supplied and maintained by the Employer in a place readily available to all employees.

14. *Fire and Flood Call.*

Employees on fire and/or flood call shall be reimbursed for all loss of personal effects incurred in the line of duty.

15. *Eye Glasses and Union Insignia.*

Employees may wear eye glasses and the Union insignia while on duty.

16. *Bulletin Board.*

A bulletin board shall be furnished by the Employer exclusively for Union announcements and notices of meetings.

17. *Sanitary Arrangements.*

Adequate sanitary arrangements shall be maintained in every building, and individual locker and key thereto and rest room key, where rest room is provided, and soap, towels and washing facilities, shall be furnished by the Employer for all employees. The restroom and locker room shall be for the sole use of employees servicing and maintaining the building.

18. *Replacements, Promotions, Vacancies, Trial Period, Seniority and Newly Hired Employees.*

a. In filling vacancies or newly created positions in the bargaining unit, preference shall be given to those employees already employed in the building, based upon the employee's seniority, but training, ability, efficiency, past performance, and professionalism within the residential setting shall also be considered.

All vacancies and newly created positions shall be subject to a posting in the respective building for a period of seven (7) calendar days so that bargaining unit employees can express an interest in filling the position. In buildings where the Employer employs fifteen (15) or more employees, if the filling of the initially posted vacancy or newly created position causes another vacancy, that vacancy shall be subject to a posting in the building. Any subsequent vacancy caused by the filling of a posted position shall not be required to be posted before being filled.

If a present employee cannot fill the job vacancy, the Employer must fill the vacancy in accordance with the other terms of this Agreement.

In the event that a new classification is created in a building, the Employer shall negotiate with the Union a wage rate for that classification.

In case of layoffs due to reduction of force, departmental seniority shall be followed, except as provided in Article XVII, Section 20(c) below, with due consideration for the efficiency and special needs of the department.

In filling vacancies or newly created positions the wages shall be those prevailing and in force in the building for similar work, excluding extra pay attributable to years of service or special considerations beyond the requirements of the job which the replacement is not qualified to meet.

In applying the foregoing paragraphs, the judgment of the Employer shall control, subject to grievance and arbitration.

There shall be a trial period for all newly hired employees for ninety (90) calendar days except as provided for Superintendents in Article XVI paragraph 6.

Anyone employed as an "extra" or a contingent with substantial regularity for a period of four (4) months or more, shall receive preference in steady employment, other considerations being equal.

Anyone employed as a vacation replacement, extra or contingent with substantial regularity for a period of four (4) months or more shall receive preference for steady employment, other considerations being equal.

The seniority date for all positions under the Agreement shall be the date the employee commenced working in the building for the agent and/or owner regardless of whether there is a collective bargaining agreement and regardless of the type of work performed by the employee.

b. A "New Hire" in the "Other" category shall be paid a starting rate of seventy-five percent (75%) of the applicable minimum regular hourly wage rate for the first twenty-one (21) months of employment. Such employees shall be paid eighty-five percent (85%) of the applicable minimum regular hourly wage rate for the twenty-second (22nd) through forty-second (42nd) month of employment. Upon completion of forty-two (42) months of employment, such employees shall be paid the full minimum wage rate. For the purposes of this provision, twenty-one (21) months of employment and forty-two (42) months of employment shall include each month (counting portions of a month in excess of fifteen (15) days as a full month but excluding employment as a vacation relief unless such vacation relief work immediately precedes permanent hire as noted in Section 10(b) above) that a New Hire worked in the Industry during twenty-four (24) months immediately preceding the date of hire by the current employer.

A New Hire employed as a "Superintendent" in a building with five (5) or fewer employees may be paid a starting rate of eighty percent (80%) of the applicable contract rate. Upon completion of thirty (30) months of employment, the new hire shall be paid the full minimum wage rate. For purposes of this provision, thirty (30) months of employment shall include each month (counting portions of a month in excess of fifteen (15) days as a full month but excluding employment as a vacation relief unless such vacation relief work immediately precedes permanent hire as noted in Section 10(b) above) that a New Hire worked in the New York City Building Industry ("Industry")

during the twenty-four (24) months immediately preceding the date of hire by the current employer.

This provision shall not apply to any experienced employee ("Experienced Employee") who was employed in the Industry as of June 20, 1997. Any employee who was employed in the Industry as of June 20, 1997 shall be considered an "Experienced Employee." An Experienced Employee shall receive the full minimum rate from the date of hire.

There shall be no Employer contributions to the Building Service Pension Fund on behalf of any New Hire employed in the category of "Other" during the first year of employment. Employer contributions for employees described above shall be required commencing on the first day of the month following the employee's completion of twelve (12) calendar months of employment with the Employer, less the number of calendar months (counting portions of a month in excess of fifteen (15) days as a full month) worked in the Industry during the preceding two (2) years (excluding employment as a vacation relief unless such vacation relief work immediately precedes permanent hire as noted in Section 10(b) above).

There shall be no Employer contributions to the Supplemental Retirement and Savings Fund on behalf of any New Hire employed in the category of "Other" during the first two years (2) of employment. Employer contributions for employees described above shall be required commencing on the first day of the month following the employee's completion of twenty-four (24) calendar months of employment with the Employer, less the number of calendar months (counting portions of a month in excess of fifteen (15) days as a full month) worked in the Industry during the preceding two (2) years (excluding employment as a vacation relief unless such vacation relief work immediately precedes permanent hire as noted in Section 10(b) above).

Contributions to the Building Service Pension and Supplemental Retirement and Savings Fund shall commence after three (3) months of employment for employees hired in job categories other than "Other" and Experienced Employees (those employed in the Industry as of June 20, 1997).

No experienced employee may be terminated or denied employment for the purpose of discrimination on the basis of their compensation and/or benefits.

The Union may grieve such discrimination in accordance with the grievance and arbitration provisions of the Agreement (Article V and Article VI).

If the arbitrator determines an experienced employee has been terminated or denied employment because of such discrimination, the arbitrator shall:

(1) In case of termination - reinstate the experienced employee with full back pay and all benefits retroactive to date of experienced employee's discharge.

(2) In case of failure to hire - If the arbitrator determines that an experienced employee was not given preference for employment absent good cause, they shall direct the Employer to hire the experienced employee with full back pay and benefits retroactive to date of denial of hire.

19. Recall, Job Vacancies and Agency Fee.

(a) Any employee who has been employed for one (1) year or more in the same building, and who is laid off, shall have the right of recall, provided that the period of layoff of such employee does not exceed six (6) months. Recall shall be in the reverse order of laid off employee's departmental seniority. The Employer shall notify by certified or registered mail, and may also provide supplemental notice by e-mail and/or text message, the last qualified laid off employee at their last known address, of any job vacancy and a copy of this notice shall be sent to the Union. The employee shall then be given seven (7) days from the date of mailing of the letter in which to express in person or by registered or certified mail their desire to accept the available job. In the event any employee does not accept recall, successive notice shall be sent to qualified employees until the list of qualified employees is exhausted. Upon reemployment, full seniority status, less period of layoff, shall be credited to the employee. Any employee who received termination pay and is subsequently rehired shall retain said termination pay and for purpose of future termination pay shall receive the difference between what they have received and what they are entitled to if subsequently terminated at a future date. Any vacation monies paid shall be credited to the Employer against the current vacation entitlement. Further, in the event an Employer or agent has a job vacancy in a building where there are no qualified employees on layoff status, the Employer or agent shall use its best efforts to fill the job vacancy from qualified employees of the Employer or agent who are on layoff status from other buildings.

(b) Upon the occurrence of any job vacancy not filled by current employees of the Employer, or employees recalled pursuant to other provisions of this Agreement, the Employer shall notify the Union and the New York State Employment Bureau (NYSEB) two (2) weeks prior to the existence of a vacancy. Such notice shall be confined in writing. In the event the Employer does not have two (2) weeks notice, it shall notify the Union and the NYSEB upon notice of the vacancy. The NYSEB or the Union shall refer qualified applicants to such vacancy within three (3) working days of the request, or shorter periods in the case of emergencies. If the NYSEB or the Union are unable to refer qualified applicants satisfactory to the Employer within three (3) working days, or such shorter period required by an emergency, the Employer shall be free to hire in the open market.

This procedure shall not be applicable if the Employer hires directly an employee experienced in the building service industry.

When the Employer has hiring procedures which substantially make available work to experienced employees in the building service industry, the parties shall waive this provision by mutual agreement. If the parties cannot agree, the matter shall be submitted to arbitration.

In the event the Union establishes a hiring hall during the life of this Agreement, appropriate substitute language shall be agreed upon.

No employee shall be employed through a fee charging agency unless the Employer pays the full fee.

20. Termination Pay.

(a) In case of termination of employment because of the employee's (excluding a working Superintendent) physical or mental inability to perform their duties, the employee shall receive, in addition to accrued vacation, termination pay according to service in the building or with the same owner, whichever is greater, as follows:

Employees with:	Pay:
5 but less than 10 years	1 week's wages
10 but less than 12 years	2 weeks' wages
12 but less than 15 years	3 weeks' wages
15 but less than 17 years	6 weeks' wages
17 but less than 20 years	7 weeks' wages
20 but less than 25 years	8 weeks' wages
25 or more	10 weeks' wages

Termination pay is available if an Employee other than a working Superintendent, is terminated or resigns because the Employee is disabled, which is defined as submitting to the Employer a valid certification of disability from the Social Security Administration.

(b) In case of termination of employment for any reason other than just cause or in accordance with paragraph (a) above, the employee shall receive, in addition to accrued vacation, termination pay according to years of service in the building or with the same owner, whichever is greater, as follows:

Employees with:	Pay:
0-5 years	1 week's wages
5 but less than 10 years	2 weeks' wages
10 but less than 12 years	4 weeks' wages
12 but less than 15 years	5 weeks' wages
15 but less than 17 years	7 weeks' wages
17 but less than 20 years	8 weeks' wages
20 but less than 22 years	9 weeks' wages
22 but less than 25 years	10 weeks' wages
25 or more	11 weeks' wages

(c) The right to accept termination pay and resign where there has been a reduction in force shall be determined by seniority, and notice of such an intended layoff shall be posted in the building. If no senior employee wishes to exercise their rights under this provision, the least senior employees shall be terminated and shall receive applicable termination pay.

(d) "Week's pay" in the above paragraphs means the regular straight-time weekly pay at the time of termination. If the Employer offers part-time employment to the employee entitled to termination pay, the employee shall be entitled to termination pay for the period of their full-time employment, and if the employee accepts such part-time employment, the employee shall be considered a new employee for all purposes. Where an employee was placed on a part-time basis or suffered a pay reduction because of a change in work category prior to May 21, 1967, and did not receive termination pay based upon their former pay, "week's pay" shall be determined by agreement, or through grievance and arbitration.

(e) Any employee accepting termination pay who is re-hired in the same building or with the same Employer shall be considered a new employee for all purposes except as provided in paragraph 19 of this Article (Recall).

For the purposes of this section, sale or transfer of a building shall not be considered a termination of employment so long as the employee or employees are hired by the purchaser or transferee, in which case they shall retain their building seniority for all purposes.

21. Tools, Permits, Fines and Legal Assistance.

All tools, of which the Superintendent shall keep an accurate inventory, shall be supplied by the Employer. The Employer shall continue to maintain and replace any special tools or tools damaged during ordinary performance of work but shall not be obligated to replace "regular" tools if lost or stolen.

The Employer shall bear the expense of securing or renewing permits, licenses or certificates for specific equipment located on the Employer's premises and will pay fines and employees' applicable wages for required time spent for the violation of any codes, ordinances, administrative regulations or statutes, except any resulting from the employees' gross negligence or willful disobedience.

The Employer shall supply legal assistance where required to employees who are served with summons regarding building violations.

22. Military Service.

All statutes and valid regulations about reinstatement and employment of veterans shall be observed.

The Employers and the Union will cooperate in an effort to achieve the objectives of this provision. They shall also consider the institution of plans to provide training of employees to improve their skills and to enter into employment in the industry.

23. No Discrimination.

(A) There shall be no discrimination against any present or future employee by reason of race, creed, color, age, disability, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, union membership, or

any characteristic protected by law, including, but not limited to, claims made pursuant to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act, the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, 42 U.S.C. Section 1981, Family and Medical Leave Act, the New York State Human Rights Law, the New York City Human Rights Code, or any other similar laws, rules or regulations. All such claims shall be subject to the grievance and arbitration procedure (Article V and VI) as sole and exclusive remedy for violations. Provided, however, that nothing herein shall preclude the filing or adjudication of any statutory claim at any time (i) before the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC") or other similar agency whose jurisdiction includes employment discrimination claims; or (ii) before the National Labor Relations Board ("NLRB"). Nor shall an employee be required to submit a claim involving sexual harassment and/or sexual assault to arbitration. Arbitrators shall apply appropriate law in rendering decisions based upon claims of discrimination.

(B) No-Discrimination Protocol

(1) Protocol: The parties to this Agreement, the Union and RAB, believe that it is in the best interests of all involved – employees, members of the Union, employers, the Union, the RAB and the public interest – to promptly, fairly and efficiently resolve claims of workplace discrimination, harassment and retaliation as covered in the No Discrimination Clause of the relevant collective bargaining agreement (collectively "Covered Claims"). Such Covered Claims are very often intertwined with contractual disputes under this Agreement. The RAB, on behalf of its members, maintains that it is committed to refrain from unlawful discrimination, harassment and retaliation. The Union maintains it will pursue its policy of evaluating such Covered Claims and bringing those Covered Claims to arbitration where appropriate. To this end, the parties establish the following system of mediation and arbitration applicable to all such Covered Claims, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the filing or adjudication of any statutory claim at any time (i) before the EEOC or other similar agency whose jurisdiction includes employment discrimination claims; or (ii) before the NLRB. Nor shall an employee be required to submit a claim involving sexual harassment and/or sexual assault to arbitration. The Union and RAB want those covered by this Agreement and any individual attorneys representing them to be aware of this protocol.

As background, following the decision of the Supreme Court in 14 Penn Plaza, 556 U.S. 247 (2009), the RAB and the Union have had a dispute about the meaning of the "no discrimination clause" and the grievance and arbitration clauses in the collective bargaining agreements (CBA's") entered into between these parties. The Union contends that the CBAs do not make provision for arbitration of any claims that the Union does not choose to take to arbitration, including statutory discrimination claims, and therefore, individual employees are not barred from pursuing their discrimination claims in court where the Union has declined to pursue them in arbitration. The RAB contends that the CBAs provide for arbitration of all individual claims, even where the Union has declined to bring such claims to arbitration.

The parties agree that, should either the Union or the RAB deem it appropriate or necessary to do so, that party may bring to arbitration the question so reserved. The parties intend that the reserved question may only be resolved in an arbitration between them and not in any form of

judicial proceeding. The outcome of the reserved question hinges on collective bargaining language and bargaining history, which are subjects properly suited for arbitration. Such arbitration may be commenced on 30 days' written notice to the other party. The arbitrator for such arbitration shall be Roberta Golick, unless she is unable to serve, in which case the parties shall agree upon an arbitrator, and failing agreement shall submit the case to arbitration before the American Arbitration Association, in New York City.

Notwithstanding the above disagreement, in 2010, the parties initiated the pilot program provided for in this section (Agreement and Protocol, February 17, 2010, the "No-Discrimination Protocol") as an alternative to arbitrating their disagreement. The parties have now agreed to include the No-Discrimination Protocol as part of this Agreement, as set forth below. The Union and the RAB agree that the provisions of this Protocol do not resolve the reserved question. Neither the inclusion of this Protocol in the CBAs nor the terms of the Protocol shall be understood to advance either party's contention as to the meaning of the CBAs with regard to the reserved question, and neither party will make any representation to the contrary.

(2) Mediation

(a) The Mediation Protocol set forth below is mandatory for all Covered Claims.

(b) Whenever it is claimed that an employer has violated the no discrimination clause (including claims based in statute), whether such claim is made by the Union or by an individual employee, notice shall be provided of such claim to the Union, the RAB and the affected employee(s), and the matter shall be submitted to mediation, absent prior resolution through informal means. A notice of claim shall be filed within the applicable statutory statute of limitations, provided that if an employee has timely filed such claim in a forum provided for by statute, the claim will not be considered time-barred.

(c) Promptly following receipt of the notice, the administrator of the Office of Contract Arbitrator (OCA), 370 Seventh Avenue, New York, NY, shall appoint a Mediator from the Mediation Panel described below. All mediators on the panel shall be attorneys with appropriate training and experience in the conduct of mediations and significant knowledge of employment discrimination statutes. The Mediation Panel shall be a distinct panel from the Contract Arbitrator Panel. A person listed on the Mediation Panel will be removed when either the Union or the RAB gives notice to the other party that such person's name shall be removed. A person may be added to the Mediation Panel list upon mutual agreement of the Union and the RAB. The Union and RAB mutually commit to appointing mediators with appropriate skill and experience, as they view mediation as the important step in which many claims will be resolved.

(d) OCA shall appoint a Mediator from the Mediation Panel. Such appointments shall be made by a random selection (e.g. "spinning the wheel") of available panel members.

(e) Within 30 days of being appointed, the Mediator shall notify the parties of their appointment and schedule a pre-mediation conference. (For this purpose, "Parties" refers to the person or entity asserting the claim and the respondent/defendant.) At the conference, the Parties

shall discuss such matters as they deem relevant to the mediation process including discovery. The Mediator shall have the authority, after consulting with the Parties, to (1) schedule dates for the exchange of information and position statements, and (2) schedule a date for mediation. Any disputes shall be decided by the Mediator. In the event the Mediator concludes that there has not been good faith compliance with their directive, including directives as to the holding of conferences and the conduct of discovery, the Mediator may, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, order appropriate sanctions.

(f) The entire mediation process is a compromise negotiation for the purposes of the Federal Rules of Evidence and the New York rules of evidence.

(g) At the mediation, each party shall be entitled to present witnesses and/or documentary evidence. The Mediator shall be entitled to meet separately with each Party for the purpose of exploring settlement.

(h) At the conclusion of the mediation, the Mediator shall be entitled to make a proposal to the Parties of a settlement agreement. Neither Party shall be required to adopt the proposal.

(i) Mediation shall be completed before the claim is litigated on the merits. However, if the Union alleges the claim of a violation of the no discrimination clause, the Union may proceed directly to arbitration and bypass this Mediation procedure if it so chooses.

(j) The fees of the Mediator shall be split equally between the Union and the RAB. The Union and RAB shall provide language interpreters at their jointly shared costs.

(k) With respect to mediation of sexual harassment and/or sexual assault claims, an employee may terminate mediation upon written notice to the other Parties no earlier than seventy-five (75) days after providing the Notice of Claim. In the event that mediation has not been conducted for seventy-five (75) days at the time the employee files a claim in court, the employer may request that the court stay the action pending completion of the seventy-five (75) days of mediation but may not seek dismissal.

(3) Arbitration

(a) The undertakings described here with respect to arbitration apply to those circumstances in which the Union has declined to take an individual employee's employment discrimination claim under the no discrimination clause of the CBA (including statutory claims) to arbitration and the employee is desirous of litigating the claim. The forum described here will be available to employers and employees who are represented by counsel and to those who are unrepresented by counsel.

(b) The Union and the RAB have elicited from the American Arbitration Association ("AAA") a list of arbitrators who (1) are attorneys, and (2) are qualified to decide employment discrimination cases. In the event that an employee and RAB member employer seek arbitration of a discrimination claim in the circumstances described in paragraph A, the list of arbitrators provided by the AAA shall be made available to the individual employee and the RAB member

employer by the administrator of OCA. The manner by which selection is made by the RAB member employer and the individual employee and the extent to which each shall bear responsibility for the costs of the arbitrator shall be decided between them. A person may be added to or removed from the Statutory Arbitration Panel list upon mutual agreement of the Union and the RAB. Any such arbitrations shall be conducted pursuant to the AAA National Rules for Employment Disputes, except those rules pertaining to administration by the AAA and the payment of fees, and any disputes about the manner of proceeding shall be decided by the arbitrator selected.

(c) The hearings in any arbitration provided for in the preceding paragraph may be held at the OCA, however, it is understood that this forum is not a forum provided for in the collective bargaining agreement.

(d) Neither the Union nor the RAB will be a party to the arbitration described in this Section (3) and the arbitrator shall not have authority to award relief that would require amendment of the CBA or other agreement(s) between the Union and the RAB or conflict with any provision of any CBAs or such other agreement(s). Any mediation and/or arbitration outcome shall have no precedential value with respect to the interpretation of the CBAs or other agreement(s) between the Union and the RAB.

4. Mandatory written notification before Union members attempt to bring any Covered Claim in court, and remedies for failing to provide notice

(a) The RAB and the Union have established the foregoing Protocol to provide interested parties a means to rapidly resolve or hear on the merits Covered Claims fairly. To make this system most effective it is a mandatory prerequisite before any bargaining unit member attempts to file a Covered Claim in any court that the bargaining unit member (personally or through their attorney) notify in writing the RAB and the Employer that the Employee is attempting to bypass the Protocol process. The notice required by this section (the "Bypass Notice") shall specify the Covered Claim(s) alleged with sufficient detail, the court where the action is to be filed, and the reason(s) for attempting to bypass the Protocol process.

(b) A copy of the Bypass Notice must be sent to: (a) the Employer and (b) the Realty Advisory Board on Labor Relations, 1 Pennsylvania Plaza, Suite 2110, New York, New York 10119

(c) Absent compelling good cause, the Bypass Notice must be mailed by first-class certified mail, return receipt requested at least 60 days before the bargaining unit member plans to commence a lawsuit in any court.

(d) Providing the Bypass Notice is a condition precedent prior to bringing a Covered Claim in any forum.

(e) Nothing contained in this Protocol will limit an employer or the RAB's remedies in the event of a breach of the Protocol or the CBA by an individual asserting a Covered Claim.

Nothing contained within this Protocol shall require mediation or arbitration where prohibited by law. With respect to any Covered Claim that employees may not lawfully be required to submit to mediation or arbitration, employees may voluntarily submit such claims to the foregoing mediation and/or arbitration procedures.

(C) 1. The parties hereby reaffirm their long-standing mutual commitment to prevent harassment and discrimination in the workplace, including discrimination based on sex, gender, race, age, ethnicity, disability and any other legally protected categories. To that end, and in an effort to implement the parties' commitment, the parties mandate that the Diversity and Respect Committee ("the Committee") meet to discuss the prevention of discrimination and harassment in the residential building workplace, including through training of employees to prevent sexual and other forms of harassment, discrimination and retaliation in the workplace, and the elimination of adverse treatment that is the product of bias, whether conscious or unconscious. The parties intend that the training shall be no less extensive than that required by law (*see, e.g.*, the New York State law on training and other anti-sexual harassment measures). The parties recommend to the Trustees of the Thomas Shortman Training, Scholarship and Safety Fund ("the Fund") that Fund staff and the Fund's Curriculum Committee develop and provide anti-harassment, anti-discrimination, anti-bias and anti-retaliation training. Such training may be coordinated with the Fund's existing course offerings. The parties recognize that other entities – in addition to the Fund – will be engaged to provide this training. The parties intend that the curriculum and materials developed by the Fund be made available to such other entities.

2. The parties will continue the Committee's work (i) to study recruitment and retention issues for all under-represented groups, and (ii) to seek the continued prevention of sexual harassment in the residential industry.

3. The Diversity Committee shall convene no less than sixty (60) days from the date of this Agreement and shall meet no less than two (2) times per calendar year.

24. Employees' Rooms and Utilities.

Any employee occupying a room or apartment on the Employer's property may be charged a reasonable rental therefore. If such occupancy is a condition of their employment, the premises shall be adequate and properly maintained by the Employer in conformity with applicable law, no rent shall be charged and the Employer shall provide normal gas and electric service and pay business telephone bills.

The value of the apartment and services provided therewith such as gas, electric and business phone shall not be treated as or included for any purpose in the wage, remuneration or other income of such employee to the extent permitted by law.

If the Employer terminates the services of an employee occupying a living space in the building the Employer shall give the employee thirty (30) days' written notice to vacate, except where there is a discharge for a serious breach of the employment contract.

25. Definitions.

A handyperson differs from an elevator operator, porter, hall person, etc., because by training and experience the employee possesses a certain amount of mechanical or technical skill and devotes more than fifty (50%) percent of their working time in a building to work involving such skills.

Others include elevator operators, guards, doorpersons, porters, porter/watchpersons, watchpersons, security porters, security employees, fire safety directors, exterminators and all other service employees employed in the building under the jurisdiction of the Union except Superintendents and handypersons.

26. Required Training Programs.

The Employer shall compensate, at straight-time pay, any employee now employed in a building for any time required for the employee to attend any instruction or training program in connection with the securing of any license, permit or certificate required by the Employer for the performance of duties in the building. Time spent shall be considered as time worked for the purpose of computing overtime pay.

The Thomas Shortman School shall establish, for new and existing employees, a "Quality of Life" training program which shall include, but not be limited to, tenant relations and appropriate conduct by residential employees.

27. Garnishments.

No employee shall be discharged or laid off because of the service of an income execution, unless in accordance with applicable law.

28. Death in Family.

A regular, full or part-time employee with at least one (1) year of employment in the building shall not be required to work for a maximum of three (3) days immediately following the death of their parent, sibling, spouse or child, and shall be paid regular, straight-time wages for any of such three (3) days on which the employee was regularly scheduled to work, or entitled to holiday pay.

With respect to grandparents, the Employer shall grant a paid day off on the day of the funeral if such day is a regularly scheduled workday.

29. Union Visitation.

Any business agent or other duly authorized representative of the Union shall have access to the buildings or sites where union members are employed to determine whether the terms of this Agreement are being complied with. Access shall be granted only if there is prior notice to the Employer and such access does not interfere with the work being performed at the building.

30. Jury Duty.

Employees who are required to qualify or serve on juries shall receive the difference between their regular rate of pay and the amount they receive for qualifying or serving on said jury with a maximum of two (2) weeks in each calendar year.

Pending receipt of the jury duty pay, the Employer shall pay the employee their regular pay on their scheduled pay day. As soon as the employee receives jury duty pay, the employee shall reimburse their Employer by signing the jury duty pay check over to the Employer.

Employees who serve on a jury shall not be required to work any shift during such day. If an employee is a weekend employee and assigned to jury duty, the employee shall not be required to work the weekend.

In order to receive jury duty pay, the employee must notify the Employer at least two (2) weeks before they are scheduled to serve.

If less notice is given by the employee, the notice provision regarding change in shift shall not apply.

31. Identification.

Employees may be required to carry with them and exhibit proof of employment on the premises. The RAB and the Union may appoint a committee within thirty (30) days of the signing of this Agreement to establish a system for this purpose. If such system is not timely established, either party may submit the matter to arbitration.

32. Service Center Visit.

Every regular full-time employee who has been employed in the building for one (1) year or more shall be entitled, upon one (1) week's notice to their Employer, to take one (1) day off in each calendar year at straight time pay to visit the office of anyone of the benefit funds for the purpose of conducting business at the benefit office.

Such employee shall receive an additional one (1) day off with pay to visit the benefit fund office or personal physician's office, if such office requires such a visit. If the additional day is to visit a personal physician, the Employer can request, and the employee must provide, a HIPAA compliant release provided by the Health Fund sufficient to provide proof that the employee visited the personal physician at the physician's request for this additional one (1) day.

In the event that an employee chooses to visit anyone of the benefit fund offices after having used up their entitlement pursuant to the above two (2) paragraphs, they may use any remaining sick days for that purpose.

33. Death of Employee.

If any employee dies after becoming entitled to but before receiving any wage or pay hereunder, it shall be paid to their estate, or pursuant to Section 1310 of the New York Surrogate's Court Procedure Act, unless otherwise provided herein. This shall not apply to benefits under Article X, where the rules and regulations of the Health and Pension Funds shall govern.

34. Government Decrees.

If because of legislation, governmental decree or order any increase or benefit herein provided is in any way blocked, frustrated, impeded or diminished, the Union may upon ten (10) days' notice require negotiation between the parties to take such measures and make such revisions in the contract as may legally provide substitute benefits and improvements for the employees at no greater cost to the Employer. If they cannot agree, the dispute shall be submitted to the Arbitrator.

In the event that any provision of this contract requires approval of any government agency, the RAB shall cooperate with the Union with respect thereto.

35. Common Disaster.

There shall be no loss of pay as a result of any Act of God or common disaster causing the shut down of all or virtually all public transportation in the City of New York, making it impossible for employees to report for work, or where the Mayor of the City of New York or the Governor of the State of New York directs the citizens of the City not to report for work. The Employer shall not be liable for loss of pay of more than the first full day affected by such Act of God or common disaster. Employees necessary to maintain the safety or security of the building shall be paid only if they have no reasonable way to report to work and employees refusing the Employer's offer of alternate transportation shall not qualify for such pay. The term "public transportation" as used herein shall include subways and buses.

36. Rent Collection.

No employee as part of their usual and regular duties shall be required to retain cash rent for more than twenty-four (24) hours.

37. Lie Detector.

The Employer shall not require, request or suggest that an employee or applicant for employment take a polygraph or any other form of lie detector test.

38. Saving Clause.

If any provision of this Agreement shall be held illegal or of no legal effect, it shall be deemed null and void without affecting the obligations of the balance of this Agreement.

39. Complete Agreement.

This Agreement constitutes the full understanding between the parties and, except as they may otherwise agree, there shall be no demand by either party for the negotiation or renegotiation of any matter covered or not covered by the provisions hereof.

40. Transportation Costs.

The RAB will encourage its members to adopt a qualified transportation fringe benefit program pursuant to which employees may pay for certain qualified transportation costs (e.g. transit passes, qualified parking) on a pre-tax basis, to the extent permitted by law. The RAB will make information available to its members, that is necessary to assist them in the adoption and implementation of the program.

41. Security Background Checks.

On change of ownership or conversion of the status of a building or employee, employees may be subject to security background checks. Additionally, upon seven (7) days prior written notice to the employee and the Union, which notice shall include a sufficient statement of the cause, the Employer may perform a security background check on a current employee where there is reasonable cause to perform that check. "Reasonable cause" shall be objective evidence – e.g., access to the location of the incident at the time an incident occurred – indicating that the particular employee may have committed an offense in connection with their employment and the information sought in the background check may be relevant to determining whether the employee committed such offense. Where, within five days of receipt of such notice, the Union disputes that reasonable cause is present, there shall be an expedited arbitration of the dispute and the security background check shall not be performed until an arbitrator has ruled that it is permissible. Any information obtained in the security background check not directly related to the incident which gave rise to the check shall not be used for any disciplinary action against the employee.

An employee shall cooperate with an Employer as necessary for obtaining security background checks. Any employee who refuses to cooperate shall be subject to termination. Notwithstanding the above, Employers shall not subject employees to security background checks on a disciplinary or retaliatory basis. Any disciplinary action imposed arising from security background check results shall only be for just cause. All security background checks shall be confidential and may be disclosed only to the RAB and the Union, as necessary for the administering of this Agreement, and/or as required by law. The Employer shall pay all costs of any security background checks. The Employer may not invoke this Section in connection with a "Social Security no-match letter."

All security background checks shall be confidential and may be disclosed only to the RAB and the Union; as necessary for the administering of this Agreement; and/or as required by law. The Employer shall pay all costs of any security background checks.

42. Notices.

All notices required to be sent to the Union shall be addressed to Director, Contract and Grievance Center, at 25 West 18th Street, New York, NY 10011.

43. Building Safety and the HERO Act.

(i) The Employer shall continue to provide safe and healthy working conditions. The RAB and the Union will create a Committee to study environmentally conscious best work practices.

(ii) On May 5, 2021, the New York Health and Essential Rights Act, Senate Bill 1034B ("S1034B"), amending the New York Labor Law to include provisions on prevention of airborne infectious disease, was signed into law. On July 12, 2021, the parties executed a Memorandum of Agreement ("HERO Act MOA") on this topic. The parties agreed, and continue to agree, that the HERO Act MOA would apply to the 2020 RAB Commercial Building Agreement, the 2020 RAB Contractors Agreement, the 2018 Apartment Building Agreement, the 2018 Resident Managers and Superintendents Agreement, the 2018 Long Island Apartment Building Agreement, the 2021 Security Officers Agreement, and the 2021 RAB Window Cleaners Agreement (collectively, the "Agreements").

Consistent with the HERO Act MOA, the parties agree to implement the following to ensure a safe and healthy workplace for Industry employees.

1. In the event the HERO Act is once again triggered, the parties agree to adopt an airborne infectious disease exposure prevention plan no later than sixty (60) calendar days from the triggering of the HERO Act, by either adopting the model standard promulgated by the Commissioner of the Department of Labor in consultation with the Department of Health, or by establishing an alternative plan that is comparable to or better than the minimum standards provided by the model standard. The RAB and the Union agree that an Employer's adoption of the model standard relevant to them shall satisfy that Employer's obligation to adopt an airborne infectious disease exposure prevention plan. Any Employer seeking to adopt an alternative plan that is comparable to or better than the model plan shall submit such plan to the RAB and the Union at least fourteen (14) days prior to the proposed effective date of such alternative plan, and if neither the RAB nor the Union object to such plan, in writing, within the fourteen (14) day period, such alternative plan will satisfy the Employer's obligation to adopt an airborne infectious disease exposure prevention plan.

2. The RAB, Employers, and the Union agree to establish joint labor-management workplace safety committees. The workplace safety committees will be organized by Employer, except where the parties mutually agree that another format is acceptable. The workplace safety committees shall be comprised of Employer representatives, selected in consultation with the RAB, Union representatives, and bargaining unit employee representatives as the Union may designate. The workplace safety committees shall meet as needed, upon the request of either the Employer or the Union, at such times and in such manner as the Employer, RAB and the Union may deem reasonable and proper. Each workplace safety committee so-established, will have the ability, consistent with S1034B, to: (a) raise health and safety concerns, hazards, complaints and violations to the Employer; (b) review any policy or procedures put in

place in the workplace concerning workplace safety; (c) participate in any site visit by any governmental agency responsible for enforcing safety and health standards in a manner consistent with applicable law; (d) review relevant reports filed by the Employer related to the health and safety of the workplace in a manner consistent with applicable law; and (e) discuss training and equipment needs, including personal protective equipment. Meetings shall occur during work hours and shall be scheduled within two (2) weeks of either party requesting the meeting, provided that in the event that there is an urgent health and safety issue or other urgent operational issue in connection with the exposure prevention plan, the parties shall make their best efforts to meet on an expedited basis. Upon agreement by the parties, commonly-owned, commonly-managed buildings that are subject to one of the above-referenced Building Agreements, may form a workplace safety committee that covers all or some of the commonly-owned, commonly-managed buildings. Established workplace safety committees may make reports and recommendations to the Employer, as necessary, concerning the above and other matters covered by S1034B within their responsibility to the Employer as may be appropriate.

3. The RAB, on behalf of its members, and the Union agree that the benefits provided under the Agreements and under this Section and the HERO Act MOA are comparable to or better than those provided under S1034B, enacted under N.Y. Labor Law Sections 27-d and 218-b. and therefore, pursuant to N.Y. Labor Law § 27-d (7) and N.Y. Labor Law Section 218-b (9), the provisions of S1034B are waived with regard to the parties, and to the extent not precluded by those laws with regard to other parties. The parties further agree that any dispute arising out of or relating to airborne infectious disease exposure prevention, including, without limitation, the implementation of the HERO Act MOA, shall be resolved through the grievance and arbitration process set forth in this Agreement, as the sole and exclusive process for resolution of such disputes. Any grievance alleging a violation of the Employer's exposure prevention plan that creates a substantial probability that serious physical harm or death could result from a condition which exists, or from one or more practices, means, methods, operations or processes which have been adopted or are in use, by the Employer at the work site, shall be submitted to expedited arbitration within three (3) business days of an arbitration demand.

4. During the period of time prior to any requirement by the Department of Labor or Department of Health that the Employer implement its exposure prevention plan Employers shall follow the joint guidelines developed by the RAB, Local 32BJ and REBNY, as they may be revised, with respect to personal protective equipment, social distancing and other practices to reduce the risk of COVID-19 exposures and/or transmission.

44. Work Authorization and Status Disputes.

The parties recognize that questions involving an employee's work status or personal information may arise during the course of their employment, and that errors in an employee's documentation may be due to mistake or circumstances beyond an employee's control. The parties

agree to attempt to minimize the impact of such issues on both the affected employees and employers by working together to fairly resolve such issues while complying with all applicable laws.

45. Wage and Hour Claims

Subject to the principles set for the below, the Employee and the Union agree that in the event that an Employee (on behalf of the Employee and/or others) asserts statutory wage and hour claim(s) against the Employer(s), including claims for unpaid minimum wages and/or overtime pay, prior to the filing of any such claim(s) in court, the Employer and Employee shall engage in mandatory mediation to attempt to narrow or resolve the claim(s). The RAB and Union agree to establish a mediation process for handling such claims. The following principles shall apply:

1. The Employee(s) must initiate mediation by written notice to the Employer, or the Employer must initiate mediation by written notice to the Employee(s) and their counsel, as appropriate.
2. Initiation of mediation shall be required only of Employees who are (or who will seek to be) plaintiffs in an individual or multi-plaintiff action or named representative plaintiffs in a putative class and/or collective action. Employees who are not (and will not seek to be) named or representative plaintiffs (e.g., who are merely putative class or collection action members) are not required to initiate mediation in connection with this section; however, their claims will be a subject of the mediation process described in this section.
3. Unless otherwise agreed to by the mediating parties, at any time following 90 days after the initiation of the mediation process, either the Employer or the Employee(s) may terminate mediation by written notice to the other side, and, in that event, no further mediation effort shall be required by this Agreement.
4. In the event that Employee(s) initiate litigation in a judicial forum on their wage and hour claims without first submitting to the mediation process described in this section and the Employer seeks to enforce the requirements of this paragraph, the Employer shall not seek dismissal of the judicial action but may seek to have the action stayed pending the completion of the mediation provided for herein.
5. The parties do not intend an Employee's substantive or recovery rights or any Employer defenses to be limited by virtue of the terms of this mediation process. Hence, during the pendency of the mediation process, any statutes of limitations and/or filing periods shall be tolled, and recovery of appropriate damages shall be permitted for all time periods during which mediation is occurring or has occurred. To the extent that the tolling described in this paragraph is deemed legally ineffective, and without conceding that any recovery is appropriate, the Employee(s) shall have the contractual right to seek recovery for any time period(s) that would have been

tolled without having to exhaust the grievance and arbitration procedures set forth in this Agreement.

6. The RAB and the Union shall provide affected Employee(s) and their Employer(s) with a list of mediators who will be available to conduct the mediation. The mediator's fees shall be paid for by the RAB and the Union in equal shares. The parties shall be free to use another mediator of their own choosing, but in that event shall bear the costs of mediation as they determine.
7. The conduct of the mediation shall be confidential and the rules of evidence pertaining to privileges related to settlement discussions shall apply to communications in mediation.
8. Any agreement reached in mediation shall not alter the collective bargaining agreement or affect the contractual rights of employees who are not parties to that agreement.

ARTICLE XVIII

Term of Agreement and Renewals

If legislation is enacted which eliminates or reduces present state law regarding Labor Pass Along, the RAB may, upon ninety (90) days notice to the Union, cancel this Agreement.

This Agreement shall continue in full force and effect up to and including June 20, 2026.

Upon the expiration date of this Agreement, the same shall continue in full force and effect for an extended period until a successor agreement has been executed. During the extended period, all terms and conditions shall be in effect and the parties shall negotiate for a successor agreement retroactive to the expiration date. All provisions and improvements in such successor agreement shall be retroactive unless such agreement shall otherwise provide.


In the event the parties are unable to agree upon the terms of a successor agreement, either party upon ten (10) days' written notice to the other party may cancel this Agreement. Such cancellation shall not apply to Article IX, Section 4 for a period of six (6) months after the expiration date of the contract.

Sixty (60) days before said expiration date, the parties shall enter into direct negotiations looking towards a renewal agreement.


If fifteen (15) days before this Agreement expires the parties shall not have been able to agree upon the terms of a new agreement, both parties will thereupon confer with the New York State Employment Relations Board for the purpose of conciliating their differences.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written.

SERVICE EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL
UNION, LOCAL 32BJ


Kyle Bragg, President
Lenore Friedlander

REALTY ADVISORY BOARD
ON LABOR, RELATIONS, INC.


Howard V. Rothschild, President

**MINIMUM WAGE RATES FOR APARTMENT BUILDING STAFF
(EXCLUDING SUPERINTENDENTS)**

Effective
June 21, 2022 to June 20, 2023

	CLASS "A"	CLASS "B"	CLASS "C"
Handyperson	\$1,150.93	\$1,148.62	\$1,146.31
Others	\$1,039.93	\$1,037.62	\$1,035.31

Effective
June 21, 2023 to June 20, 2024

	CLASS "A"	CLASS "B"	CLASS "C"
Handyperson	\$1,182.93	\$1,180.62	\$1,178.31
Others	\$1,069.93	\$1,067.62	\$1,065.31

Effective
June 21, 2024 to June 20, 2025

	CLASS "A"	CLASS "B"	CLASS "C"
Handyperson	\$1,214.93	\$1,212.62	\$1,210.31
Others	\$1,099.93	\$1,097.62	\$1,095.31

Effective
June 21, 2025 to June 20, 2026

	CLASS "A"	CLASS "B"	CLASS "C"
Handyperson	\$1,250.93	\$1,248.62	\$1,246.31
Others	\$1,133.93	\$1,131.62	\$1,129.31

June 21, 2022

Howard Rothschild, President
Realty Advisory Board on Labor Relations
1 Pennsylvania Plaza, Suite 2110
New York, NY 10119

Re: Reserved Question on Mandatory Arbitration for Statutory Discrimination Claims

Dear Mr. Rothschild:

This will confirm our understanding on the issue of whether arbitration is mandatory for statutory discrimination claims brought under the No Discrimination Clause found in the Collective Bargaining Agreements ("CBAs") between the RAB and the Union (the "Reserved Question").

Following the decision of the Supreme Court in *14 Penn Plaza LLC v. Pyett*, 556 U.S. 247 (2009), the RAB and the Union have had a dispute about the Reserved Question, specifically regarding the meaning of the No Discrimination Clause and the grievance and arbitration clauses in the CBA's. The Reserved Question is as follows:

The Union contends that the CBAs do not make provision for arbitration of any claims that the Union does not choose to take to arbitration, including statutory discrimination claims, and therefore, individual employees are not barred from pursuing their discrimination claims in court where the Union has declined to pursue them in arbitration. The RAB contends that the CBAs require arbitration of all individual claims, even where the Union has declined to bring such claims to arbitration.

The parties agree that, should either the Union or the RAB deem it appropriate to necessary to do so, that party may bring to arbitration the Reserved Question. The parties intend that the Reserved Question may only be resolved in arbitration between them and not in any form of judicial or administrative proceeding. The outcome of the Reserved Question hinges on collective bargaining language and bargaining history, which are subjects property suited for arbitration. Such arbitration may be commenced on 30 calendar days' written notice to the other party. The arbitrator for such arbitration shall be Roberta Golick, unless she is unable or unwilling to serve, in which case the parties shall agree upon an arbitrator, and failing agreement shall submit the case to arbitration before the American Arbitrations Association, in New York City.

In 2010, the parties initiated the No Discrimination Protocol. The No Discrimination Protocol is applicable to all such claims. This Protocol was intended, and continues, to serve as an alternative to arbitrating the parties' disagreement on the Reserved Question. The parties agreed to include the No Discrimination Protocol as part of the CBAs, as further modified in December 2015. The Union and the RAB agree that the provisions of the No Discrimination Protocol do not resolve the Reserved Question. Neither the inclusion of the No Discrimination Protocol in the CBAs or the terms of the No Discrimination Protocol shall be understood to advance either party's contention as to the meaning of the CBA with regard to the Reserved Question, nor will either party make any representation to the contrary.

Without prejudice to either parties' position on the continued viability of any other side letter, this side letter shall continue in effect unless and until the parties agree otherwise or until the Reserved Question is decided by Arbitrator Golick.

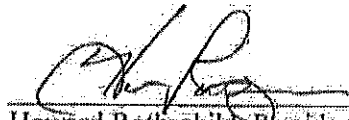
Sincerely,



Kyle Bragg, President 32BJ-

Lenore Friedlander

AGREED:



Howard Rothschild, President RAB

June 21, 2022


Kyle Bragg, President
SEIU, Local 32BJ
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011

Re: Committee to Review Current Building Classifications

Dear Kyle:


This letter confirms the creation of a Committee to Review Current Building Classifications.

Sincerely,



Howard Rothschild
President, RAB

AGREED:



Kyle Bragg
President, SEIU, Local 32BJ
Lenore Friedlander

June 21, 2022


Kyle Bragg, President
SEIU, Local 32BJ
25 West 18th Street
New York, NY 10011

Re: Grievance and Arbitration

Dear Kyle:


The parties agree to meet quarterly (i) to discuss issues related to streamlining grievance and arbitration processes, including calendaring and exchanging information of case status including with respect to cases involving Superintendents (which will be identified as such in respective grievance letters provided however, inadvertent failure to identify as such shall not invalidate the grievance), and (ii) to conduct training for arbitrators on the panel. The parties also agree to meet once per month to review the docket of pending cases to ensure an expeditious resolution. The meetings shall be attended by the President of Local 32BJ and the President of the RAB, or their designees. Additionally, the parties will coordinate with the Office of the Contract Arbitrator to regularly schedule reserved open days to ensure the timely adjudication of Superintendent cases and reduction in force cases. Finally, the parties agree to determine a mutually agreed upon protocol for administration of cases before OCA.

Sincerely,



Howard Rothschild
President, RAB

AGREED:



~~Kyle Bragg~~
President, SEIU, Local 32BJ
Lenore Friedlander

